

REPORT, RETURNS AND STATISTICS
OF THE
INLAND REVENUES

OF THE
DOMINION OF CANADA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

1901

PART II

INSPECTION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT



OTTAWA

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EXCELLENT MAJESTY

1901

[No. 13.—1902.]

REPORT, HISTORY AND STATISTICS

OF THE

INLAND REVENUES

OF THE

DOMINION OF CANADA

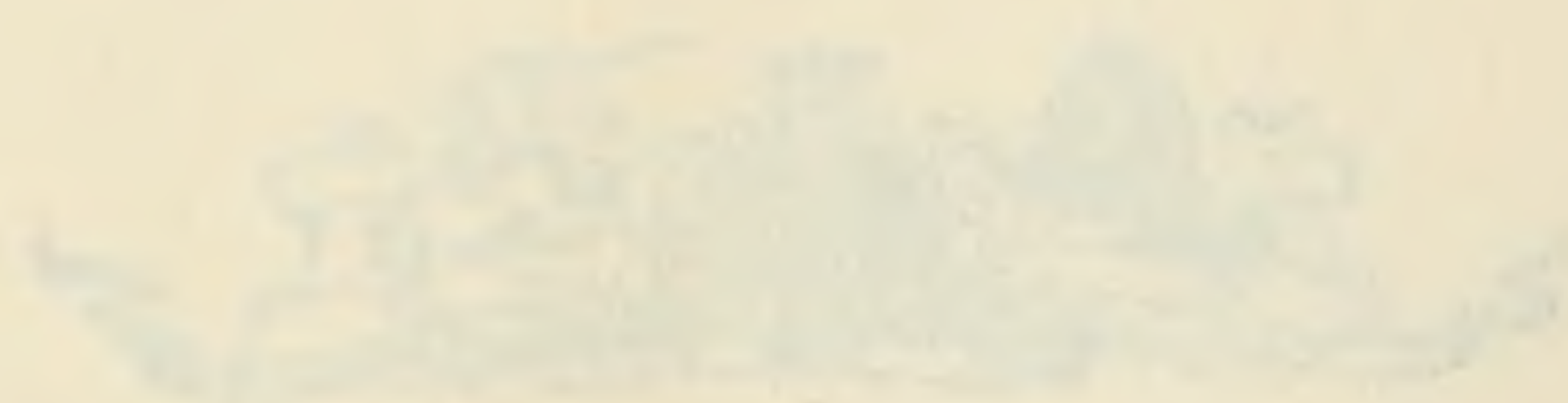
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30

1871

BY

THE COMMISSIONER OF REVENUE AND CUSTOMS

PRINTED BY THE QUEEN'S PRINTER



OTTAWA

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1871

1001 A

REPORT
OF THE
DEPUTY MINISTER OF INLAND REVENUE
ON THE
INSPECTION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT

To the Honourable
The Minister of Inland Revenue.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit herewith my annual report on the inspection of weights and measures, gas and electric light, with the usual statements in connection therewith, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901.

1. The total revenue collected during the year for the inspection of weights and measures was \$54,385.56, as against \$53,635.04 collected during the year ended June 30, 1900.

2. The total expenditure was \$71,280.37, as against \$68,707.55 expended during the year ended June 30, 1900.

3. Appendix ‘A’ gives a summary statement of the receipts and expenditures of each inspection division.

4. In Appendices ‘B,’ ‘C’ and ‘D’ will be found a detailed statement of weights, measures and weighing machines presented for verification verified and rejected during the year. The number of all descriptions may be summarily stated as follows :—

	Presented.	Verified.	Rejected.	Percentage of Rejections.
Weights, Dominion.....	62,281	61,553	728	1·16
Measures of capacity, Dominion....	84,327	84,205	122	0·14
Lineal measures... ..	7,122	6,978	144	2·02
Balances, equal arms....	12,089	11,784	305	2·52
" steelyards.....	4,654	4,520	134	2·87
" platform scales.....	31,000	29,964	1,036	3·34
Troy weights.....	67	67	.....	.....
Irregular weights.	687	685	2	·29
" measures.....	488	486	2	·40
" balances....	5,876	5,688	188	3·20

INSPECTION OF GAS.

5. The total revenue collected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1901, for the inspection of gas and gas meters, was \$22,173.55, as compared with \$21,106.75 collected during the year ended June 30, 1900.

6. The total expenses were \$23,338.49, as against \$22,706.16 expended during the year ended June 30, 1900.

7. Appendix 'E' gives a summary statement of the receipts and expenditures of each gas inspection district.

8. A statement of the illuminating power and purity of gas inspected during the year will be found in Appendix 'F.'

9. The illuminating power, where inspection has been made, has been as follows:—

Places.	Number of Tests made.	Number of times below Standard.	Places.	Number of Tests made.	Number of times below Standard.
Barrie.....	12	.....	Sarnia.....	12	.....
Belleville.....	34	.. ..	Stratford.....	12	1
Berlin.. ..	12	.....	St. Catharines....	12	.....
Brantford. . .	12	.....	St. Thomas.....	14	.....
Brockville.....	12	.....	Toronto.....	104	.....
Chatham.....	12	.....	Windsor.....	13	1
Cobourg.....	12	.....	Woodstock.....	12	.....
Cornwall.....	12	.....	Montreal . . .	102	.....
Deseronto.....	8	.....	Quebec . . .	12	.....
Dundas.....	12	.....	Sherbrooke.....	12	2
Galt.....	12	.....	Fredericton . . .	55	1
Guelph.. ..	12	.....	Moncton.....	9	.....
Hamilton . . .	12	.....	St. John, N.B.....	47	1
Ingersoll. . .	12	.....	Halifax.....	12	.....
Kingston.....	22	.....	Pictou.....	10	.....
Listowell . . .	12	.....	Yarmouth.....	10	.....
London.....	19	.....	Charlottetown.....	12	.....
Napanee . . .	10	.....	Winnipeg . . .	12	.....
Ottawa.....	24	.....	Nanaimo.....	12	.....
Owen Sound.....	12	New Westminster
Peterborough.....	12	Vancouver . . .	12
Port Hope . . .	12	Victoria .. .	11

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The revenue derived from the inspection of electric light was as follows :—

Fees for inspection of meters, &c.....	\$ 10,565 52
Registration of companies.....	4,797 50
	<hr/>
	\$ 15,363 02
The expenses of inspection (annual).....	4,908 71
	<hr/>
	\$ 10,454 31
Expended on standard instruments, &c.....	4,199 26
	<hr/>
Leaving a net revenue of.....	\$ 6,255 05

Appendix ‘K’ contains extracts from a paper on Dominion Electrical Standards read before the Canadian Electrical Association by Mr. O. Higman, Chief Electrical Engineer of the Department, on June 20, 1901.

Since the year 1896–97 the two services of gas and electric light inspection, which are conducted largely by the same staff of officers, have reached that point at which they have ceased to be a burden upon the general taxpayer, as shown below :—

YEAR.	GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT.	
	Revenue.	Expenditure, Exclusive of cost of Standard Instruments.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
1897–98.....	28,150 00	23,402 00
1898–99.....	30,015 25	23,436 30
1899–1900.....	35,523 50	26,424 48
1900–01.....	37,536 57	28,247 20

The kindred service of weights and measures inspection, it will be observed, has, the same as last year, earned somewhat over three-fourths of its annual cost, the expenditure as already stated having been \$71,280.37, against a revenue of \$54,355.56.

Owing to the adoption, by many of the leading nations of the world, of the ‘Metric System’ of weights and measures, and in order that the people of our country might become conversant therewith, the department has distributed to Boards of Trade and Educational Institutions throughout the Dominion, over one hundred sample sets of Metric Weights and Measures. It has also recently procured standards which will be placed in the hands of Inspectors at the leading Commerical centres, by means of which weights of the Metrical System may, when required, be verified.

These standard sets contain the following weights, viz.:—20, 10, 5, 2, (2). Kilogrammes, I Kilogramme, 500, 200, (2). 100, 50, 20 (2). 10, 5, 2, (2). Grammes, 1 gramme, 5, 2, (2). Decigrammes, I decigramme, 5, 2, (2). Centigrammes, I Centigramme, 5, 2, (2). Milligrammes, I Milligramme.

I have the honour to be, sir,

Your obedient servant,

Inland Revenue Dept.,

Ottawa, August 10, 1901.

W. J. GERALD,

Deputy Minister.

APPENDIX A.

STATEMENT of Weights and Measures Expenditures and Revenues, for the Year ended June 30, 1901.

Divisions.	Inspectors and Assistants.	EXPENDITURES.							Revenues
		Salaries.	Seizure expenses.	Special assistance.	Rent.	Travelling expenses.	Sundries.	Totals.	
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Belleville. . .	Johnson, Wm.. } Slattery, T..... } Irwin, S..... } Behan, J. J. . . } Errett, R. W.. }	3,399 92	.....	499 92	290 00	1,304 69	451 63	5,946 16	3,755 65
Hamilton. . .	Freed, A. T.... } McDonald, J... } Marentette, A. } Fitzgerald, E. W } Laidman, R. H. } Wheatley, E. A. } Jarvis, H..... }	5,899 84	. . . . .	.....	.....	1,101 90	108 40	7,110 14	8,992 26
Ottawa.....	Macdonald, J. A. } Elliott, T. H... } McFarlane, Jas. } Breen, J..... } Winsor, J..... }	3,862 65	.....	.....	250 00	1,123 20	198 20	5,434 05	5,415 20
Toronto . . .	Kelly, D. } Milligan, R. J.. } Wright, R. } Murdoch, J. . . . } Smith, J. C. . . . }	4,099 88	....	.....	.....	1,652 10	137 17	5,889 15	6,396 08
Windsor. . .	Hayward, W. J. } Coughlin, D.... } Thomas, J. S... } Hughes, R. A.. }	3,449 76	1 85	.....	.....	1,300 87	201 96	4,954 44	5,698 10
	Ontario.....	20,712 05	1 85	499 92	540 00	6,482 76	1,097 36	29,333 94	30,257 29

APPENDIX A—Continued.

STATEMENT of Weights and Measures Expenditures and Revenues, &c.—Continued.

Divisions.	Inspectors and Assistants.	EXPENDITURES.							Revenues
		Salaries.	Seizure expenses.	Special assistance.	Rent.	Travelling expenses.	Sundries.	Totals.	
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Montreal. . .	Chalus, J. O.... Daoust, J. A.... Gervais, S. Hébert, J. A. P. Baker, J. S. Tomlinson, W.. Collins, D. Dessert, V. Fournier, L. A.)	8,199 68	.....	.....	.....	1,683 30	325 69	10,208 67	12,139 35
Quebec.	Guay, G. N. LeBel, J. A. W. Kelly, M. J. Pinhey, H. Chabot, F. X.. Guay, A. Petit, J. B. Moreau, A.)	5,222 13	.....	62 49	200 00	1,533 67	299 67	7,317 96	2,885 85
Three Rivers	Gravel, A. I. Provost, J. J.)	1,699 96	.....	.....	.....	439 60	9 59	2,149 15	1,093 90
	Quebec.	15,121 77	.....	62 49	200 00	3,656 57	634 95	19,675 78	16,119 10
St. John, N.B.	Wilmot, J. B. Cowan, E. Richard, D. Bernier, J. A.)	2,770 96	.....	299 30	.....	417 55	18 14	3,505 95	1,413 49
Cape Breton	Lawrence, G. C. .	800 00	.....	.....	37 50	281 40	27 85	1,146 75	384 79
Halifax.	Frame, A. Waugh, R. J.)	1,599 96	.....	.....	375 00	202 20	155 24	2,332 40	696 40
Pictou.	Dustan, W. M. Chisholm, J. J.)	1,600 00	.....	.....	12 50	149 17	49 48	1,811 15	574 35
	Nova Scotia...	3,999 96	.....	.....	425 00	632 77	232 57	5 290 30	1,655 54
Charlottetown P.E.I.	Davy, E. Hughes, H.)	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	109 44	61 47	1,670 91	327 50
Winnipeg, Man.	Magness, R. McDonald, A. W. Francis, G. M. Girdlestone, R. J. M. Ross, H. E.)	2,899 88	1,058 41	108 00	1,311 60	99 86	5,477 75	3,753 03

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APPENDIX A—*Concluded.*STATEMENT of Weights and Measures Expenditures and Revenues, &c.—*Concluded.*

Divisions.	Inspectors and Assistants.	EXPENDITURES.							Revenues
		Salaries.	Seizure expenses.	Special assistance.	Rent.	Travelling expenses.	Sundries.	Totals.	
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Calgary, N.W.T.	Thomas, P. } Costello, J. W.. }	899 92	.....	.....	.....	166 74	.....	1,066 66	464 41
Victoria, B.C.	Findley, H. } McAloney, J.A }	1,149 84	.....	.....	.....	840 70	81 50	2,072 04	395 20

RECAPITULATION.

Ontario	20,712 05	1 85	499 92	540 00	6,482 76	1,097 36	29,333 94	30,257 29
Quebec	15,121 77	.....	62 49	200 00	3,656 57	634 95	19,675 78	16,119 10
New Brunswick	2,770 96	.....	299 30	.....	417 55	18 14	3,505 95	1,413 49
Nova Scotia	3,999 96	.....	.....	425 00	632 77	232 57	5,290 30	1,655 54
Prince Edward Island	1,500 00	.....	.....	.....	109 44	61 47	1,670 91	327 50
Manitoba	2,899 88	.....	1,058 41	108 00	1,311 60	99 86	5,477 75	3,753 03
North-west Territories	899 92	.....	.....	.....	166 74	.....	1,066 66	464 41
British Columbia	1,149 84	.....	.....	.....	840 70	81 50	2,072 04	395 20
Commissioner of Standards ...	733 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	733 26	.....
General Contingencies .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,510 16	1,510 16	.....
Printing .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	575 23	575 23	.....
Stationery .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	132 69	132 69	.....
Totals	49,787 64	1 85	1,920 12	1,273 00	13,618 13	4,443 93	71,044 67	54,385 56

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

APPENDIX

RETURN of Weights and Measures Inspected during the Fiscal Year ended June 30,
each Division, for each Province,

INSPECTION DIVISIONS.	WEIGHTS.									MEASURES OF CAPACITY.					
	Dominion.			Troy.		Miscellaneous.				Dominion.			Miscel- laneous.		
	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	
<i>Ontario.</i>															
Belleville.....	3,175	3,175	....	....	....	7	7	....	6,723	6,723	....	2	2	....
Hamilton.....	10,784	10,755	29	....	....	134	134	....	5,171	5,167	4	13	13	....
Ottawa.....	2,904	2,817	87	....	....	2	2	....	2,347	2,254	93	2	2	....
Toronto.....	5,031	5,031	....	14	14	21	21	....	11,640	11,640	....	283	283	....
Windsor.....	4,690	4,690	....	....	....	....	....	....	15,941	15,941	....	3	3	....
Totals.....	26,584	26,468	116	14	14	164	164	....	41,822	41,725	97	303	303	..
<i>Quebec.</i>															
Montreal.....	14,744	14,168	576	8	8	23	23	....	23,684	23,684	....	44	44	....
Quebec.....	11,014	10,982	32	....	....	497	495	2	7,102	7,097	5	3	3	....
Three Rivers.....	1,996	1,996	....	....	....	....	....	....	1,194	1,177	17	....	....	....
Totals.....	27,754	27,146	608	8	8	520	518	2	31,980	31,958	22	47	47	....
<i>New Brunswick.</i>															
St. John	2,086	2,086	....	....	....	1	1	....	4,967	4,966	1	5	5	....
<i>Nova Scotia.</i>															
Cape Breton.	415	413	2	....	....	....	....	....	436	434	2	3	3	....
Halifax.....	1,218	1,216	2	29	29	....	....	....	1,191	1,191	....	30	28	....
Pictou.....	677	677	....	....	....	2	2	....	865	865	....	21	21	....
Totals.....	2,310	2,306	4	29	29	2	2	....	2,492	2,490	2	54	52	2
<i>Prince Edward Island</i>															
Charlottetown.....	400	400	....	....	....	....	....	....	282	282	....	..	....	....
<i>Manitoba.</i>															
Winnipeg.....	2,419	2,419	....	....	....	....	....	....	2,369	2,369	....	71	71	....
Calgary.....	351	351	....	....	....	....	....	..	292	292	....	8	8	....
Totals.....	2,770	2,770	2,661	2,661	79	79	
<i>British Columbia.</i>															
Victoria.....	377	377	16	16	123	123	

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B.

1901, showing the Total Number brought for Verification, Verified and Rejected, for and for the whole Dominion.

MEASURES OF LENGTH.			BALANCES, &c.											
			Equal Armed.			Steelyards.			Platform Scales, Weigh Bridges, &c.			Miscellaneous.		
			Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.
266	266	....	576	576	....	143	143	....	2,376	2,376	....	41	41	....
627	522	105	2,863	2,742	121	2,107	2,041	66	6,792	6,185	607	1,097	1,093	4
561	555	6	532	471	61	34	30	4	1,595	1,474	121	3,383	3,213	170
830	830	....	996	996	....	505	505	....	2,992	2,992	....	668	668	....
326	326	....	920	906	14	337	337	....	3,115	3,098	17	....	....	....
2,610	2,499	111	5,887	5,691	196	3,126	3,056	70	16,870	16,125	745	5,189	5,015	174
2,601	2,594	7	2,704	2,611	93	1,112	1,060	52	6,843	6,644	199	306	296	10
1,057	1,051	6	1,656	1,649	7	82	78	4	1,676	1,662	14	149	149	....
118	108	10	310	307	3	10	10	....	734	732	2	2	2	....
3,776	3,753	23	4,670	4,567	103	1,204	1,148	56	9,253	9,038	215	457	447	10
114	114	....	394	394	....	57	57	....	830	825	5	68	68	....
98	88	10	81	80	1	13	13	....	272	270	2	....	....	....
96	96	....	227	226	1	35	34	1	464	442	22	8	80	3
48	48	....	139	139	....	10	10	....	367	367	....	1	12	....
242	232	10	447	445	2	58	57	1	1,103	1,079	24	95	92	3
3	3	....	75	75	....	18	18	....	258	258	....	6	6	....
248	248	....	473	469	4	150	143	7	2,131	2,084	47	52	51	1
129	129	....	66	66	....	15	15	....	252	252	....	7	7	....
377	377	....	539	535	4	165	158	7	2,383	2,336	47	59	58	1
.....	....	....	77	77	....	26	26	....	303	303	..	2	2	....

1-2 EDWARD VII., A. 1902

APPENDIX

RETURN of Weights and Measures Inspected during the Fiscal Year ended June 30,
each Division, for each Province,

RECAPIT

INSPECTION DIVISIONS.	WEIGHTS.									MEASURES OF CAPACITY.					
	Dominion.			Troy.		Miscellaneous.			Dominion.			Miscel- laneous.			
	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	
Ontario.....	26,584	26,468	116	14	14	164	164	...	41,822	41,725	97	303	303	....
Quebec.....	27,754	27,146	608	8	8	520	518	2	31,980	31,958	22	47	47	....
New Brunswick.....	2,086	2,086	....	....	....	1	1	....	4,967	4,966	1	5	5	...
Nova Scotia.....	2,310	2,306	4	29	29	2	2	...	2,492	2,490	2	54	52	2	
Prince Edward Island	400	400	....	....	....	....	....	....	282	282	....	....	....	....
Manitoba.....	2,770	2,770	....	....	....	....	....	....	2,661	2,661	....	79	79	....
British Columbia....	377	377	....	16	16	....	....	...	123	123	....	....	....	....
Grand totals.....	62,281	61,553	728	67	67	687	685	2	84,327	84,205	122	488	486	2	

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

B—Continued.

1900, showing the Total Nunber brought for Verification, Verified and Rejected, for and for the whole Dominion.

U L A T I O N.

MEASURES OF LENGTH.			BALANCES, &c.											
			Equal Armed.			Steelyards.			Platform Scales, Weigh Bridges, &c.			Miscellaneous.		
			Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.	Brought for Verification.	Verified.	Rejected.
2,610	2,499	111	5,887	5,691	196	3,126	3,056	70	16,870	16,125	745	5,189	5,015	174
3,776	3,753	23	4,670	4,567	103	1,204	1,148	56	9,253	9,038	215	457	447	10
114	114	...	394	394	....	57	57	....	830	825	5	68	68	....
242	232	10	447	445	2	58	57	1	1,103	1,079	24	95	92	3
3	3	....	75	75	....	18	18	....	258	258	....	6	6	....
377	377	....	539	535	4	165	158	7	2,383	2,336	47	59	58	1
.....	.....	....	77	77	....	26	26	..	303	303	....	2	2	....
7,122	6,978	144	12,089	11,784	305	4,654	4,520	134	31,000	29,964	1,036	5,876	5,688	188

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Weights and Lineal Measures of each Fiscal Year ended

INSPECTION DIVISION.	DOMINION													
	Avoir													
	60 lbs.	50 lbs.	30 lbs.	20 lbs.	10 lbs.	7 lbs.	5 lbs.	4 lbs.	3 lbs.	2 lbs.	1 lb.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.	2 ozs.
<i>Ontario.</i>														
Belleville					11	21	98	235	392	654	587	334	291	268
Hamilton		34			1	3	228	132	1,663	3,011	3,017	637	546	524
Ottawa	60				34 {	*11 21 }	148	157	372	536	473	304	278	205
Toronto			3	5	8	12	126	212	506	1,033	1,007	524	461	420
Windsor					4	6	117	220	542	993	847	485	447	370
Totals	60	34	3	5	58	74	717	956	3,475	6,227	5,931	2,284	2,023	1,787
<i>Quebec.</i>														
Montreal	416	90	8	{ +1 2 }	{ +3 24 }	32	744	774	1,295	2,576	2,421	1,750	1,639	1,338
Quebec		92	20	54	122	187	855	702	899	1,528	1,518	1,437	1,471	1,141
Three Rivers					4	3	147	129	241	343	316	279	278	171
Totals	416	182	28	57	153	222	1,746	1,605	2,435	4,447	4,255	3,466	3,388	2,650
<i>New Brunswick.</i>														
St. John						5	92	136	196	418	408	224	178	157
<i>Nova Scotia.</i>														
Cape Breton		31	18	14	9	2	24	21	51	99	79	39	18	8
Halifax		3	2	2	5	8	49	64	120	274	225	152	122	84
Pictou						7	25	36	68	172	143	57	48	45
Totals		34	20	16	14	17	98	121	239	545	447	248	188	137
<i>Prince Edward Island.</i>														
Charlottetown							12	10	42	107	88	42	35	31
<i>Manitoba.</i>														
Winnipeg		8			3	4	64	5	401	531	476	202	186	176
Calgary			1	1		1	13	5	50	71	70	29	28	28
Totals		8	1	1	3	5	77	10	451	602	546	231	214	204
<i>British Columbia.</i>														
Victoria							2	2	25	79	75	50	48	45

* 8 lbs. † 25 lbs. ‡ 14 lbs.

C.

Denomination presented for Verification in each Inspection Division, during the June 30, 1901.

WEIGHTS.							Troy Weights.	Miscellaneous Weights.	LINEAL MEASURES.												Miscellaneous Measures.
dupois.									6 feet.	5 feet.	1 yard.	$\frac{1}{2}$ yard.	2 feet.	1 foot.	$\frac{1}{2}$ foot.	100 feet chains.	66 feet chains.	Tape or Riband.	Total Number.		
1 oz.	8 drs.	4 drs.	2 drs.	1 dr.	$\frac{1}{2}$ dr.	Total Number.															
210	57	12	3	2	....	3,175	....	7	....	....	266	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	266	....
501	382	84	9	12	....	10,784	....	134	....	....	627	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	627	....
164	85	37	13	6	....	2,904	....	....	....	....	561	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	561	....
361	203	89	28	33	....	5,031	14	21	....	....	830	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	830	....
343	219	76	15	5	1	4,690	....	....	....	....	326	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	326	....
1,579	946	298	68	58	1	26,584	14	162	....	....	2,610	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	2,610	....
1,001	413	111	54	51	1	14,744	8	23	....	....	2,601	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	2,601	....
759	190	28	7	3	1	11,014	....	497	....	....	1,057	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	1,057	....
69	16	...	...	....	....	1,996	...	...	....	....	118	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	118	....
1,829	619	139	61	54	2	27,754	8	520	....	....	3,776	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	3,776	....
121	43	5	1	2	....	2,086	....	1	....	....	114	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	114	....
2	....	...	...	....	....	415	....	....	....	....	98	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	98	....
66	28	6	5	3	....	1,218	29	....	....	....	96	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	96	....
40	22	10	2	2	....	677	....	2	....	....	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	48	....
108	50	16	7	5	....	2,310	29	2	....	....	242	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	242	....
25	7	1	....	....	....	400	....	....	....	....	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	3	....
159	96	62	35	7	4	2,419	....	....	....	....	248	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	248	....
25	15	7	4	3	....	351	....	....	....	....	128	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	129	....
184	111	69	39	10	4	2,770	....	....	....	....	376	1	..	..	..	..	..	....	377	....
38	9	4	....	....	....	377	16	....	....	....	....	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	....

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Weights and Lineal Measures of each Year ended

INSPECTION DIVISION.	DOMINION													
	Avoir													
	60 lbs.	50 lbs.	30 lbs.	20 lbs.	10 lbs.	7 lbs.	5 lbs.	4 lbs.	3 lbs.	2 lbs.	1 lb.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.	2 ozs.
<i>Ontario.</i>														
Belleville.....					11	21	98	235	392	654	587	334	291	268
Hamilton.....		34			1	3	228	132	1,660	3,006	3,009	632	543	522
Ottawa.....	60				34	*11 18	126	139	346	524	469	304	276	205
Toronto.....			3	5	8	12	126	212	506	1,033	1,007	524	461	420
Windsor.....					4	6	117	220	542	993	847	485	447	370
Totals.....	60	34	3	5	58	71	695	938	3,446	6,210	5,919	2,279	2,018	1,785
<i>Quebec.</i>														
Montreal.....	416	90	8	{ +1 2	{ +3 24	31	709	733	1,244	2,477	2,328	1,669	1,572	1,277
Quebec.....		92	20	54	121	186	855	698	898	1,524	1,515	1,431	1,466	1,139
Three Rivers.....					4	3	147	129	241	343	316	279	278	171
Totals.....	416	182	28	57	152	220	1,711	1,560	2,383	4,344	4,159	3,379	3,316	2,587
<i>New Brunswick.</i>														
St. John.....						5	92	136	196	418	408	224	178	157
<i>Nova Scotia.</i>														
Cape Breton.....		30	18	14	9	2	23	21	51	99	79	39	18	8
Halifax.....		3	2	2	5	8	49	62	120	274	225	152	122	84
Pictou.....						7	25	36	68	172	143	57	48	45
Totals.....		33	20	16	14	17	97	119	239	545	447	248	188	137
<i>Prince Edward Island.</i>														
Charlottetown..							12	10	42	107	88	42	35	31
<i>Manitoba.</i>														
Winnipeg.....		8			3	4	64	5	401	531	476	202	186	176
Calgary.....			1	1		1	13	5	50	71	70	29	28	28
Totals.....		8	1	1	3	5	77	10	451	602	546	231	214	204
<i>British Columbia.</i>														
Victoria.....							2	2	25	79	75	50	48	45

* 8 lbs. † 25 lbs. ‡ 14 lbs.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

C—Continued.

Denomination, Inspected and Verified in each Inspection Division, during the Fiscal June 30, 1901.

WEIGHTS.							Troy Weights.	Miscellaneous.	LINEAL MEASURES.											Miscellaneous Measures.
dupois.									6 feet.	5 feet.	1 yard.	$\frac{1}{2}$ yard.	2 feet.	1 foot.	$\frac{1}{2}$ foot.	100 feet chains.	66 feet chains.	Tape or Riband.	Total Number.	
1 oz.	8 drs.	4 drs.	2 drs.	1 dr.	$\frac{1}{2}$ dr.	Total Number.														
210	57	12	3	2	....	3,175	.....	7	.....	.....	266	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	266	.....
499	381	84	9	12	...	10,755	.....	134	.....	.....	522	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	522	.....
164	85	37	13	6	....	2,817	.....	.....	.....	.....	555	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	555	.....
361	203	89	28	33	....	5,031	14	21	.....	.....	830	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	830	.....
343	219	76	15	5	1	4,690	.....	.....	.....	.....	326	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	326	.....
1,577	945	298	68	58	1	26,468	14	162	.....	...	2,499	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,499	.....
965	401	109	54	51	1	14,168	8	23	.....	.....	2,594	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,594	.....
757	187	28	7	3	1	10,982	.....	495	.....	.....	1,051	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,051	.....
69	16	....	....	....	....	1,996	.....	..	.....	.....	108	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	108	.....
1,791	607	137	61	54	2	27,146	8	518	...	...	3,753	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,753	.....
121	43	5	1	2	....	2,086	..	1	.....	.....	114	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	114	.. ..
2	.....	...	...	...	....	413	.....	.....	.....	.....	88	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	88	...
66	28	6	5	3	....	1,216	29	..	.....	.....	96	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	96	.....
40	22	10	2	2	....	677	.....	2	.....	.....	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	48	.....
108	50	16	7	5	...	2,306	29	2	.....	.....	232	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	232	.. ..
25	7	1	....	...	...	400	...	.....	.....	.....	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	.....
159	96	62	35	7	4	2,419	.....	.....	.....	.....	248	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	248	.....
25	15	7	4	3	....	351	.....	.....	.....	.....	128	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	129	.....
184	111	69	39	10	4	2,770	.....	.....	.....	.....	376	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	377	..
38	9	4	....	....	....	377	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Weights and Lineal Measures of
Year ended

INSPECTION DIVISION.	DOMINION														
	Avoir														
	60 lbs.	50 lbs.	30 lbs.	20 lbs.	10 lbs.	7 lbs.	5 lbs.	4 lbs.	3 lbs.	2 lbs.	1 lb.	8 ozs.	4 ozs.	2 ozs.	
<i>Ontario.</i>															
Hamilton.....									3	5	8	5	3	2	
Ottawa... ..						3	22	18	26	12	4	...	2	..	
Totals.....						3	22	18	29	17	12	5	5	2	
<i>Quebec.</i>															
Montreal						1	35	41	51	99	93	81	67	61	
Quebec					1	1	...	4	1	4	3	6	5	2	
Three Rivers															
Totals					1	2	35	45	52	103	96	87	72	63	
<i>Nova Scotia.</i>															
Cape Breton.....		1					1								
Halifax.. ..								2							
Pictou															
Totals		1					1	2							

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

C—Concluded.

each Denomination, Rejected in each Inspection Division during the Fiscal June 30, 1900.

WEIGHTS.							Troy Weights.	Miscellaneous Weights.	LINEAL MEASURES.												Miscellaneous Measures.	
dupois.									6 feet.	5 feet.	1 yard.	$\frac{1}{2}$ yard.	2 feet.	1 foot.	$\frac{1}{2}$ foot.	100 feet chains.	66 feet chains.	Tape or Riband.	Total Number.			
1 oz.	8 drs.	4 drs.	2 drs.	1 dr.	$\frac{1}{2}$ dr.	Total Number.																
2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	87	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....
2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	116	.....	.....	.....	.....	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	111	.....	.....	.....
36	9	2	.....	.....	.....	576	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....
2	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....
38	12	2	.....	.....	.....	608	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	2	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Measures of Capacity, Balances and Division, during the Fiscal

INSPECTION DIVISIONS.	MEASURES OF CAPACITY.												
	Dominion.												
	Bushel.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Bushel.	Peck.	Gallon.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Gallon.	Quart.	Pint.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Pint.	Gill.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Gill.	Total Number.	Miscellaneous.	5 lbs. and under.
<i>Ontario.</i>													
Belleville.....	161	502	787	1,033	1,237	1,591	1,198	207	6	1	6,723	2	158
Hamilton... ..	33	127	195	663	990	1,664	1,193	306	....	....	5,171	13	1,509
Ottawa.....	....	13	45	412	645	742	386	92	9	....	2,347	2	153
Toronto.....	68	142	278	1,490	1,939	3,162	3,768	774	19	....	11,640	283	335
Windsor.....	1,255	380	327	1,085	1,866	5,414	3,496	2,052	66	....	15,941	3	299
Totals.....	1,517	1,167	1,632	4,683	6,677	12,573	10,496	3,431	100	1	41,822	303	2,454
<i>Quebec.</i>													
Montreal.... .	1	644	1,119	2,867	4,240	5,739	6,056	2,662	356	....	23,684	44	815
Quebec.....	1	174	316	1,142	1,659	1,683	1,191	549	87	...	7,102	3	175
Three Rivers.....	.....	40	22	193	308	300	206	114	11	....	1,194	...	88
Totals.....	2	858	1,457	4,202	6,207	7,722	7,753	3,325	454	....	31,980	47	1,078
<i>New Brunswick.</i>													
St. John.....	....	130	116	579	1,378	1,437	1,030	175	122	....	4,967	5	70
<i>Nova Scotia.</i>													
Cape Breton.....	2	6	1	84	159	140	39	4	1	....	436	3	27
Halifax... ..	....	35	33	190	298	292	203	98	42	...	1,191	30	53
Pictou.....	....	20	23	98	260	274	125	63	2	....	865	21	44
Totals.....	2	61	57	372	717	706	367	165	45	...	2,492	54	124
<i>P. E. Island.</i>													
Charlottetown.....	....	....	....	13	33	138	89	9	....	...	282	...	18
<i>Manitoba.</i>													
Winnipeg... ..	17	5	11	503	582	647	568	34	1	1	2,369	71	134
Calgary.....	5	....	1	55	91	85	48	7	....	....	292	8	27
Totals.....	22	5	12	558	673	732	616	41	1	1	2,661	79	161
<i>British Columbia.</i>													
Victoria.....	...	.....	....	7	12	37	67	.....	....	....	123	....	30

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

D.

Weighing Machines of each Denomination Presented for Verification in each Inspection Year ended June 30, 1901.

BALANCES.

With Equal Arms.			Steel yards with Divided Arms.				Weigh Bridges or Platform Scales.						Totals.	Miscellaneous.
5 lbs. to 50 lbs.	50 lbs. to 100 lbs.	100 lbs. and upwards.	500 lbs. and under.	500 lbs. to 1,000 lbs.	1,000 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. and upwards.	250 lbs. and under.	250 lbs. to 500 lbs.	500 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. to 4,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs. to 6,000 lbs.	6,000 lbs. and upwards.		
418	.....	.....	138	1	3	1	774	184	785	221	121	291	3,095	41
1,354	.....	.....	2,074	30	3	.....	3,530	127	2,525	295	72	243	11,762	1,097
379	.....	.....	28	6	.....	.....	690	189	531	55	57	73	2,161	3,383
661	.....	.....	464	28	10	3	952	122	1,210	272	65	371	4,493	668
621	.....	.....	327	5	5	.....	1,208	125	1,198	225	68	291	4,373	.....
3,433	.....	.....	3,031	70	21	4	7,154	747	6,249	1,068	383	1,269	25,883	5,189
1,881	.....	8	1,063	15	7	27	2,381	1,235	2,496	216	230	285	10,659	306
1,358	37	86	78	3	1	.....	443	657	445	59	35	37	3,414	497
222	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	227	293	199	1	7	7	1,054	2
3,461	37	94	1,151	18	8	27	3,051	2,185	3,140	276	272	329	15,127	805
324	.....	.....	56	.....	1	.....	377	170	215	12	17	39	1,281	68
47	3	4	11	2	.....	.....	155	52	33	3	20	9	366	.....
173	1	.....	35	.....	.....	.....	228	61	102	16	6	51	726	83
95	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	157	70	68	20	17	35	516	12
215	4	4	56	2	.....	.....	540	183	203	39	43	93	1,608	95
57	.....	.....	18	.....	.....	.....	77	59	97	2	7	16	351	6
339	.....	.....	147	3	.....	.....	665	45	563	325	345	188	2,754	52
39	.....	.....	12	1	1	1	113	7	98	3	4	27	333	7
378	.....	.....	159	4	1	1	778	52	661	328	349	215	3,087	59
47	.....	.....	20	2	4	.....	154	17	89	7	7	29	406	2

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Measures of Capacity, Balances and Division, during the Fiscal

INSPECTION DIVISIONS.	MEASURES OF CAPACITY.												
	Dominion.												
	Bushel.	1/2 Bushel.	Peck.	Gallon.	1/2 Gallon.	Quart.	Pint.	1/2 Pint.	Gill.	1/2 Gill.	Total Number.	Miscellaneous.	5 lbs. and under.
<i>Ontario.</i>													
Belleville	161	502	787	1,033	1,237	1,591	1,198	207	6	1	6,723	2	158
Hamilton.....	33	127	194	663	988	1,664	1,192	306	.....	.....	5,167	13	1,500
Ottawa.....	.....	10	32	377	619	732	383	92	9	.....	2,254	2	127
Toronto.....	68	142	278	1,490	1,939	3,162	3,768	774	19	.....	11,640	283	335
Windsor.....	1,255	380	327	1,085	1,866	5,414	3,496	2,052	66	...	15,941	3	292
Totals.....	1,517	1,161	1,618	4,648	6,649	12,163	10,037	3,431	100	1	41,725	303	2,412
<i>Quebec.</i>													
Montreal.....	1	644	1,119	2,867	4,240	5,739	6,056	2,662	356	...	23,684	44	807
Quebec	1	174	315	1,140	1,659	1,682	1,490	549	87	...	7,097	3	173
Three Rivers. ....	.....	39	20	191	307	298	203	108	11	...	1,177	...	88
Totals.....	2	857	1,454	4,198	6,206	7,720	7,749	3,319	454	...	31,958	47	1,068
<i>New Brunswick.</i>													
St. John.....	.....	130	116	579	1,377	1,437	1,030	175	122	.....	4,966	5	70
<i>Nova Scotia.</i>													
Cap Breton.....	2	6	1	84	159	138	39	4	1	.....	434	3	27
Halifax.....	35	33	190	298	292	203	98	42	.....	.....	1,191	28	53
Pictou .....	.....	20	23	98	260	274	125	63	2	..	865	21	44
Totals.....	37	59	214	480	711	615	262	109	3	.....	2,490	52	124
<i>P. E. Island.</i>													
Charlottetown.....	.....	.....	.....	13	33	138	89	9	...	...	282	.....	18
<i>Manitoba.</i>													
Winnipeg.....	17	5	11	503	582	647	568	34	1	1	2,369	71	133
Calgary.....	5	...	1	55	91	85	48	7	.....	.....	292	8	27
Totals.....	22	5	12	558	673	732	616	41	1	1	2,661	79	160
<i>British Columbia.</i>													
Victoria.....	.....	...	.....	7	12	37	67	.....	.....	..	123	...	30

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

D—Continued.

Weighing Machines of each Denomination Presented for Verification, in each Inspection Year ended June 30, 1901.

BALANCES.														
With Equal Arms.			Steel yards with Divided Arms.				Weigh Bridges or Platform Scales.						Total.	Miscellaneous.
5 lbs. to 50 lbs.	50 lbs. to 100 lbs.	100 lbs. and upwards.	500 lbs. and under.	500 lbs. to 1,000 lbs.	1,000 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. and upwards.	250 lbs. and under.	250 lbs. to 500 lbs.	500 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. to 4,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs. to 6,000 lbs.	6,000 lbs. and upwards.		
418	.....	.....	138	1	3	1	774	184	785	221	121	291	3,095	41
1,242	.....	.....	2,011	28	2	.....	3,348	97	2,267	228	63	182	10,968	1,093
344	....	.....	24	6	.....	.....	650	167	500	47	47	63	1,975	3,213
661	....	.....	464	28	10	3	952	122	1,210	272	65	371	4,493	668
614	....	.....	327	5	5	.....	1,203	123	1,189	225	68	290	4,341	.....
3,279	....	....	2,964	68	20	4	6,927	693	5,951	993	364	1,197	24,872	5,015
1,796	8	.....	1,011	15	7	27	2,349	1,194	2,432	209	195	265	10,315	296
1,353	37	86	76	1	1	.....	440	656	439	56	34	37	3,389	495
219	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	227	292	198	1	7	7	1,049	2
3,368	45	86	1,097	16	8	27	3,016	2,142	3,069	266	236	309	14,753	793
324	.....	.....	56	.....	1	.....	377	169	212	12	17	38	1,276	68
46	3	4	11	2	.....	.....	154	52	33	3	20	9	363	.....
172	1	.....	34	.....	.....	.....	223	58	93	13	5	50	702	80
95	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	157	70	68	20	17	35	516	12
313	4	4	55	2	.....	.....	534	180	194	36	42	94	1,581	92
57	....	.....	18	....	.....	.....	77	59	97	2	7	16	351	6
136	..	.....	140	3	.....	.....	652	44	548	322	338	180	2,696	51
39	....	.....	12	1	1	1	113	7	98	3	4	27	333	7
175	....	....	152	4	1	1	765	51	646	325	342	207	3,029	58
47	.....	.....	20	2	4	.....	154	17	89	7	7	29	406	2

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number of Dominion Measures of Capacity, Balances and during the Fiscal Year

INSPECTION DIVISIONS.	MEASURES OF CAPACITY.												
	Dominion.												
	Bushel.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Bushel.	Peck.	Gallon.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Gallon.	Quart.	Pint.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Pint.	Gill.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Gill.	Total Number.	Miscellaneous.	5 lbs. and under.
<i>Ontario.</i>													
Belleville.....
Hamilton.....	1	.....	2	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	9
Ottawa.....	6	13	35	26	10	3	.....	.....	.....	93	.....	26
Toronto.....
Windsor.....	7
Totals.....	.. .	6	14	35	28	10	4	.....	.....	.....	97	.....	42
<i>Quebec.</i>													
Montreal.....	8
Quebec.....	1	2	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	5	.....	2
Three Rivers.....	1	2	2	1	2	3	6	.....	.....	17	.....	.....
Totals.....	1	3	4	1	3	4	6	.....	.....	22	...	10
<i>New Brunswick.</i>													
St. John.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
<i>Nova Scotia.</i>													
Cape Breton.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
Halifax.....	2	.....
Pictou.....
Totals..	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	..
<i>P. E. Island.</i>													
Charlottetown.....
<i>Manitoba.</i>													
Winnipeg.....	1
Calgary.....
Totals...	1
<i>British Columbia.</i>													
Victoria.....

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

D—Concluded.

Weighing Machines of each Denomination Rejected, in each Inspection Division, ended June 30, 1901.

BALANCES.														
With Equal Arms.			Steel yards with Divided Arms.				Weigh Bridges or Platform Scales.						Totals.	Miscellaneous.
5 lbs. to 50 lbs.	50 lbs. to 100 lbs.	100 lbs. and upwards.	500 lbs. and under.	500 lbs. to 1,000 lbs.	1,000 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. and upwards.	250 lbs. and under.	250 lbs. to 500 lbs.	500 lbs. to 2,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs. to 4,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs. to 6,000 lbs.	6,000 lbs. and upwards.		
112			63	2	1		182	30	258	67	9	61	794	4
35			4				40	22	31	8	10	10	186	170
7							5	2	9			1	31	
154			67	2	1		227	54	298	75	19	72	1,011	174
85			52				32	41	64	7	35	20	344	10
5			2	2			3	1	6	3	1		25	2
3								1	1				5	
93			54	2			35	43	71	10	36	20	374	12
								1	3			1	5	
1							2						3	
1			1				5	3	9	3	1	1	24	3
2			1				7	3	9	3	1	1	27	3
3			7				13	1	15	3	7	8	58	1
3			7				13	1	15	3	7	8	58	1

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

APPENDIX E.

STATEMENT of Gas Inspection Expenditures and Revenues for the Year ended June, 30, 1901.

Districts.	Inspectors and Officers.	EXPENDITURES.						Revenues.
		Salaries.	Special Assistance.	Rent.	Travelling Expenses.	Sundries.	Totals.	
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Barrie.....	Shanacy, M.....	100 00				0 53	100 53	58 00
Belleville.....	Johnson, Wm.....	349 96		164 75	35 95	62 16	612 82	132 00
	McRae, W. D.....							
Berlin.....	Broadfoot, S.....	183 29			31 50	13 78	228 57	196 50
Brockville.....			99 96			15 50	115 46	292 00
Cobourg..	Bickle, J. W.....	100 00			39 00	36 80	175 80	130 75
Cornwall.....	Mulhern, M. M.....	100 00				42 30	142 30	40 25
Guelph.....	Broadfoot, S.....	200 00				12 91	212 91	263 00
	McPhie, D.....							
Hamilton	Dennis, W. A.....	2,496 73		36 00	114 85	70 52	2,718 10	1,647 25
	McPhie, W. H.....							
Kingston.....	Behan, J. J.....	400 00		22 50		53 88	476 38	323 00
Listowel.....	Male, T.....	100 00		60 00		20 22	180 22	80 00
London	Nash, A. F.....	1,000 00	76 00	95 00	429 80	24 10	1,624 90	2,596 00
Napanee.....	Johnson, Wm., acting.							45 75
Ottawa.....	Roche, H. G.....	1,000 00	540 00	300 00		73 40	1,913 40	607 75
Owen Sound.....	Graham, W. J.....	200 00		125 00		1 50	326 50	61 25
Peterborough...	Rudkins, Wm.....	152 08			2 00	6 00	160 08	77 00
	Rork, Thos.....							
Sarnia	Hicks, W. H.....			20 00	0 25	0 75	21 00	206 25
Stratford.....	Rennie, Geo.....	200 00			9 00	7 00	216 00	73 25
	Johnstone, J. K.....							
Toronto	Pape, Jas.....	2,599 96				45 25	2,645 21	7,360 25
Ontario.....		9,182 02	715 96	823 25	662 35	486 60	11,870 18	14,190 25
Montreal.....	Aubin, A.....	2,199 84	370 00	240 00	92 25	118 80	3,020 89	5,523 05
	O'Flaherty, M. J.....							
Quebec.....	LeVasseur, N.....	1,300 00		150 00		3 90	1,453 90	358 00
	Moreau, A.....							
Sherbrooke.....	Simpson, A. F.....	100 00					100 00	36 00
St. Hyacinthe....	Benoit, L. V.....	36 08					36 08	
Quebec.....		3,635 92	370 00	390 00	92 25	122 70	4,610 87	5,917 05
Fredericton	Fowler, Jas. D.....	200 00					200 00	60 25
St. John	Wilson, J. E.....	1,000 00			68 52	7 38	1,075 90	361 75
New Brunswick...		1,200 00			68 52	7 38	1,275 90	422 00
Halifax.....	Miller, A.....	1,799 92		389 70	432 14	111 35	2,733 11	518 75
	Munro, H. D.....							
	Ritchie, A. T.....							
Charlottetown....	Davy, E.....	11 66				28 75	40 41	88 00
Winnipeg.	Magness, R.....	200 00		81 00	7 50	37 02	325 52	476 00
Nanaimo.....	McAloney, J. A.....	100 00					100 00	108 25
New Westminster.	Wolfenden, Wm.....	100 00					100 00	
Vancouver.....	Miller, J. E.....	300 00			28 90	83 23	412 13	267 50
Victoria.....	Jones, R.....	200 00				7 55	207 55	185 75
British Columbia..		700 00			28 90	90 78	819 68	561 50

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

APPENDIX E—*Concluded.*

STATEMENT of Gas Inspection Expenditures and Revenues, &c.—*Concluded.*
RECAPITULATION.

Provinces.	EXPENDITURES.						Revenues.
	Salaries.	Special As- sistance.	Rent.	Travelling Ex- penses.	Sundries.	Totals.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
Ontario.....	9,182 02	715 96	823 25	662 35	486 60	11,870 18	14,190 25
Quebec.....	3,635 92	370 00	390 00	92 25	122 70	4,610 87	5,917 05
New Brunswick.....	1,200 00	.....	.....	68 52	7 38	1,275 90	422 00
Nova Scotia.....	1,799 92	.....	389 70	432 14	111 35	2,733 11	518 75
Prince Edward Island.....	11 66	.....	.....	.....	28 75	40 41	88 00
Manitoba.....	200 00	.....	81 00	7 50	37 02	325 52	476 00
British Columbia.....	700 00	.....	.....	28 90	90 78	819 68	561 50
General.....	.....	.....	.....	33 75	616 62	680 37	.....
General expenses.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	384 06	384 06	.....
Printing.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	208 49	208 49	.....
Stationary.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	106 72	106 72	.....
Totals.....	16,729 52	1,085 96	1,683 95	1,325 41	2,230 47	23,055 31	22,173 55

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Barrie—									
July.....			19·70		0	1			
August.....			20·01		0	1			
September.....			19·45		0	1			
October.....			20·53		0	1			
November.....			18·30		0	1			
December.....			20·00		0	1			
January.....			20·09		0	1			
February.....			19·41		0	1			
March.....			20·22		0	1			
April.....			21·05		0	1			
May.....			21·55		0	1			
June.....			19·34		0	1			
					0	12			
Belleville—									
July.....	20·47	19·68	20·08		0	2			
August.....	22·49	21·65	22·07		0	2			
September.....	21·32	19·90	20·57		0	3			
October.. .	21·25	20·58	20·86		0	3			
November.....	22·94	18·90	20·47		0	2			
December.....	20·92	19·39	20·17		0	3			
January.....	20·92	17·19	18·27		0	4			
February.....	20·24	19·06	19·61		0	3			
March.....	20·40	17·00	18·45		0	4			
April.....	21·58	17·20	19·48		0	4			
May.....	21·94	16·39	19·16		0	2			
June.....	21·90	18·19	19·99		0	2			
					0	34			
Berlin—									
July.....			17·58		0	1			
August.....			17·76		0	1			
September.....			17·12		0	1			
October.....			17·62		0	1			
November.....			16·19		0	1			
December.....			17·49		0	1			
January.....			22·50		0	1			
February.....			21·46		0	1			
March.....			22·88		0	1			
April.....			22·47		0	1			
May.. .			20·00		0	1			
June.....			21·72		0	1			
					0	12			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Brantford—									
July.....			20·06		0	1			
August.....			20·40		0	1			
September.....			19·73		0	1			
October.....			20·16		0	1			
November.....			19·01		0	1			
December.....			18·50		0	1			
January.....			19·28		0	1			
February.....			19·92		0	1			
March.....			18·79		0	1			
April.....			19·95		0	1			
May.....			20·18		0	1			
June.....			18·66		0	1			
					0	12			
Brockville—									
July.....			20·00		0	1			
August.....			20·00		0	1			
September.....			19·86		0	1			
October.....			20·06		0	1			
November.....			20·88		0	1			
December.....			19·71		0	1			
January.....			19·00		0	1			
February.....			17·70		0	1			
March.....			18·84		0	1			
April.....			19·77		0	1			
May.....			20·00		0	1			
June.....			19·86		0	1			
					0	12			
Chatham—									
July.....			18·14		0	1			
August.....			17·54		0	1			
September.....			16·53		0	1			
October.....			17·78		0	1			
November.....			16·67		0	1			
December.....			16·05		0	1			
January.....			16·01		0	1			
February.....			16·22		0	1			
March.....			17·00		0	1			
April.....			16·02		0	1			
May.....			19·06		0	1			
June.....			18·45		0	1			
					0	12			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Cobourg—									
July.....			18·80		0	1			
August.....			19·97		0	1			
September.....			19·08		0	1			
October.....			18·16		0	1			
November.....			19·01		0	1			
December.....			19·11		0	1			
January.....			17·35		0	1			
February.....			17·01		0	1			
March.....			18·59		0	1			
April.....			17·78		0	1			
May.....			17·76		0	1			
June.....			17·65		0	1			
					0	12			
Cornwall—									
July.....			18·10		0	1			
August.....			18·10		0	1			
September.....			18·10		0	1			
October.....			18·40		0	1			
November.....			18·10		0	1			
December.....			18·00		0	1			
January.....			18·10		0	1			
February.....			18·30		0	1			
March.....			17·80		0	1			
April.....			17·80		0	1			
May.....			18·10		0	1			
June.....			18·00		0	1			
					0	12			
Deseronto—									
July.....			21·30		0	1			
August.....			20·90		0	1			
September.....			17·10		0	1			
October.....			22·30		0	1			
November.....			18·50		0	1			
December.....									
January.....									
February.....			22·80		0	1			
March.....									
April.....			24·90		0	1			
May.....									
June.....			23·33		0	1			
					0	8			

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

F—Continued.

Inspected during the Year ended June 30, 1901.

CUBIC FEET.			AMMONIA PER 100 CUBIC FEET.						SULPHURETTED HYDROGEN.			REMARKS.
Standard.	No. of times in excess of allowance.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average	Standard.	No. of times in excess of allowance.	No. of Tests.	No. of times absent.	No. of times present.	No. of Tests.	
35 Grains.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	4 Grains.						
									2	0	2	
									2	0	2	
									1	1	2	
									2	0	2	
									2	0	2	
									2	0	2	
									1	1	2	
									2	0	2	
									2	0	2	
									2	0	2	
									2	0	2	
									2	0	2	
									2	1	3	
									2	0	2	
									22	3	25	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									12	0	12	
									0	1	1	
									1	0	1	
									0	1	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									6	2	8	

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times below Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Dundas—									
July				20·04	0	1			
August				19·28	0	1			
September				18·84	0	1			
October				19·80	0	1			
November				19·66	0	1			
December				19·68	0	1			
January				19·18	0	1			
February				19·34	0	1			
March				19·01	0	1			
April				19·89	0	1			
May				19·34	0	1			
June				19·13	0	1			
					0	12			
Galt—									
July				20·22	0	1			
August				19·00	0	1			
September				18·00	0	1			
October				22·02	0	1			
November				20·20	0	1			
December				18·10	0	1			
January				19·82	0	1			
February				18·64	0	1			
March				18·02	0	1			
April				19·02	0	1			
May				20·00	0	1			
June				21·07	0	1			
					0	12			
Guelph—									
July				18·12	0	1			
August				17·02	0	1			
September				17·54	0	1			
October				17·00	0	1			
November				17·40	0	1			
December				16·07	0	1			
January				16·87	0	1			
February				19·38	0	1			
March				18·71	0	1			
April				18·16	0	1			
May				18·33	0	1			
June				18·72	0	1			
					0	12			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SURPLUS PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Hamilton—									
July.....			17.79		0	1			
August.....			18.06		0	1			
September.....			17.73		0	1			
October.....			17.85		0	1			
November.....			18.20		0	1			
December.....			18.00		0	1			
January..			18.15		0	1			
February.....			18.50		0	1			
March.....			18.00		0	1			
April.....			17.74		0	1			
May..			17.93		0	1			
June.....			18.01		0	1			
					0	12			
Ingersoll—									
July.....			16.02		0	1			
August.....			20.41		0	1			
September.....			16.51		0	1			
October.....			21.85		0	1			
November.....			19.22		0	1			
December.....			19.05		0	1			
January..			17.77		0	1			
February.....			16.02		0	1			
March.....			18.28		0	1			
April.....			17.15		0	1			
May.....			22.72		0	1			
June.....			23.44		0	1			
					0	12			
Kingston—									
July.....			21.22		0	1			
August.....	21.90	21.22	21.56		0	2			
September.....	21.20	20.90	21.05		0	2			
October.....			21.60		0	1			
November.....	22.13	20.52	21.32		0	2			
December.....	22.48	22.10	22.29		0	2			
January.....	22.50	22.40	22.45		0	2			
February.....	22.72	22.24	22.48		0	2			
March.....			22.60		0	1			
April.....	22.66	22.54	22.60		0	2			
May.....	22.10	21.70	21.90		0	2			
June.....	22.10	21.40	21.75		0	2			
					0	21			

F—Continued.

Inspected during the Year ended June 30, 1901.

[illegible]

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SURPLUS PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Listowel—									
July.....			20·60		0	1			
August.....			21·95		0	1			
September.....			22·16		0	1			
October.....			22·55		0	1			
November.....			21·55		0	1			
December.....			22·55		0	1			
January.....			18·45		0	1			
February.....			17·69		0	1			
March.....			20·49		0	1			
April.....			21·78		0	1			
May.....			22·63		0	1			
June.....			21·65		0	1			
					0	12			
London—									
July.....			21·06		0	1			
August.....			18·40		0	1			
September.....			19·19		0	1			
October.....	18·48	16·25	17·36		0	2			
November.....			18·43		0	1			
December.....	18·46	17·97	18·21		0	2			
January.....	17·51	16·75	17·13		0	2			
February.....			18·09		0	1			
March.....	16·89	16·78	16·83		0	2			
April.....	17·46	16·76	17·11		0	2			
May.....	18·99	17·30	18·14		0	2			
June.....	17·34	16·08	16·66		0	2			
					0	19			
Napanee—									
July.....			22·81		0	1			
August.....									
September.....			22·06		0	1			
October.....									
November.....			24·31		0	1			
December.....			20·94		0	1			
January.....			21·62		0	1			
February.....			21·62		0	1			
March.....			20·26		0	1			
April.....			22·42		0	1			
May.....			23·27		0	1			
June.....			21·94		0	1			
					0	10			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of time be- low standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Ottawa—									
July.....	21·90	21·86	21·88	.....	0	2	15·08	14·19	14·63
August.....	22·09	21·70	21·89	.....	0	2	14·88	14·88	14·73
September.....	21·55	21·54	21·54	.....	0	2	15·48	15·48	15·28
October.....	21·56	21·52	21·54	.....	0	2	15·37	15·37	15·11
November.....	21·37	20·56	21·46	.....	0	2	14·92	14·41	14·66
December.....	22·07	21·59	21·83	.....	0	2	14·99	14·73	14·86
January.....	22·33	21·55	21·94	.....	0	2	17·63	14·97	16·30
February.....	22·01	21·90	21·95	.....	0	2	15·29	14·70	14·99
March.....	22·93	21·45	22·19	.....	0	2	15·19	14·41	14·79
April.....	21·63	21·46	21·54	.....	0	2	15·29	14·64	14·96
May.....	21·58	21·41	21·49	.....	0	2	14·92	14·54	14·73
June.....	21·75	21·61	21·68	.....	0	2	14·75	14·47	14·61
					0	24			
Owen Sound—									
July.....	.....	.....	21·76	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
August.....	.....	.....	21·60	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
September.....	.....	.....	21·60	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
October.....	.....	.....	22·10	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
November.....	.....	.....	22·13	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
December.....	.....	.....	22·40	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
January.....	.....	.....	22·70	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
February.....	.....	.....	21·07	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
March.....	.....	.....	22·54	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
April.....	.....	.....	22·07	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
May.....	.....	.....	22·00	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
June.....	.....	.....	22·12	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
					0	12			
Peterborough—									
July.....	.....	.....	21·77	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
August.....	.....	.....	24·97	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
September.....	.....	.....	21·00	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
October.....	.....	.....	19·31	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
November.....	.....	.....	24·00	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
December.....	.....	.....	18·87	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
January.....	.....	.....	17·19	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
February.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
March.....	.....	.....	25·00	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
April.....	20·00	18·34	19·17	.....	0	2	.....	.....	.....
May.....	.....	.....	23·00	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
June.....	.....	.....	21·00	.....	0	1	.....	.....	.....
					0	12			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Port Hope—									
July.....			18·28		0	1			
August.....			19·52		0	1			
September.....			19·11		0	1			
October.....			17·49		0	1			
November.....			18·01		0	1			
December.....			17·25		0	1			
January.....			17·73		0	1			
February.....			19·67		5	1			
March.....			17·94		0	1			
April.....			17·66		0	1			
May.....			19·24		0	1			
June.....			18·29		0	1			
					0	12			
Sarnia—									
July.....			19·80		0	1			
August.....			21·04		0	1			
September.....			19·14		0	1			
October.....			21·32		0	1			
November.....			19·76		0	1			
December.....			20·36		0	1			
January.....			19·38		0	1			
February.....			19·38		0	1			
March.....			19·92		0	1			
April.....			19·26		0	1			
May.....			20·56		0	1			
June.....			18 40		0	1			
					0	12			
Stratford—									
July.....			16·61		0	1			
August.....			16·22		0	1			
September.....			16·41		0	1			
October.....			16·70		0	1			
November.....			16·76		0	1			
December.....			16·95		0	1			
January.....			16·70		0	1			
February.....			15·06		1	1			
March.....			15 86		1	1			
April.....			17 17		0	1			
May.....			16·61		0	1			
June.....			16·79		0	1			
					2	12			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times below Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
St. Catharines—									
July			19·60		0	1			
August			19·44		0	1			
September			19·28		1	1			
October			19·50		0	1			
November			20·30		0	1			
December			19·98		0	1			
January			19·50		0	1			
February			20·07		0	1			
March			19·84		0	1			
April			20·07		0	1			
May			20·08		0	1			
June			18·28		0	1			
					1	12			
St. Thomas—									
July			16·52		0	1			
August			16·29		0	1			
September	16·48	14·35	15·65		1	3			
October			16·56		0	1			
November			16·04		0	1			
December			16·00		0	1			
January			17·19		0	1			
February			16·11		0	1			
March			16·10		0	1			
April			16·03		0	1			
May			17·95		0	1			
June			17·08		0	1			
					1	14			
Toronto—									
July	20·79	20·12	20·52		0	8	11·12	9·87	10·54
August	21·04	19·44	20·35		0	9	10·07	8·61	9·34
September	21·24	19·91	20·44		0	9	14·58	8·96	11·77
October	21·56	20·13	20·80		0	9	15·58	14·08	14·83
November	21·68	20·56	20·91		0	8	11·21	9·81	10·51
December	21·76	20·32	20·86		0	9	15·67	13·06	14·36
January	20·86	19·67	20·21		0	9	12·91	8·70	10·80
February	20·69	18·75	19·58		0	8	11·16	9·89	10·52
March	21·12	18·70	19·60		0	9	16·99	16·11	16·55
April	20·32	18·67	19·36		0	9	15·89	14·19	15·89
May	19·91	18·77	19·47		0	8	11·35	9·15	10·25
June	20·61	19·40	19·84		0	9	17·64	13·85	15·74
					0	104			

F—Continued.

[illegible]

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times below Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Windsor—									
July			17·72		0	1			
August			16·58		0	1			
September			17·99		0	1			
October	17·97	16·40	16·68		0	2			
November			16·77		0	1			
December			13·60		1	1			
January			18·32		0	1			
February			18·60		0	1			
March			17·12		0	1			
April			18·80		0	1			
May			17·61		0	1			
June			17·84		0	1			
					1	13			
Woodstock—									
July			21·07		0	1			
August			19·82		0	1			
September			26·58		0	1			
October			17·44		0	1			
November			22·92		0	1			
December			22·87		0	1			
January			19·62		0	1			
February			26·37		0	1			
March			24·41		0	1			
April			25·12		0	1			
May			23·81		0	1			
June			22·95		0	1			
					0	12			
Montreal—									
July	21·16	18·14	19·52		0	8	26·43	20·79	23·61
August	20·12	19·38	19·97		0	9	28·63	28·63	22·64
September	21·51	18·11	19·61		0	9	30·56	30·56	29·79
October	21·08	18·33	19·67		0	9	27·41	27·41	23·80
November	19·48	17·24	18·56		0	8	23·70	22·86	23·28
December	20·74	17·46	19·08		0	9	21·46	19·77	20·61
January	18·48	16·80	17·75		0	9	11·40	10·31	10·85
February	18·84	17·03	17·65		0	7	14·49	12·14	13·31
March	19·01	16·68	17·97		0	9	17·39	14·41	15·90
April	18·97	16·75	17·78		0	9	33·83	32·93	33·28
May	21·85	19·02	20·66		0	8	24·83	17·02	20·92
June	21·14	18·19	19·55		0	8	29·49	18·16	23·82
					0	102			

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

F—Continued.

Inspected during the Year ended June 30, 1901.

CUBIC FEET.			AMMONIA PER 100 CUBIC FEET.						SULPHURETTED HYDROGEN.			REMARKS.
Standard.	No. of times in excess of allowance.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average	Standard.	No. of times in excess of allowance.	No. of Tests.	No. of times absent.	No. of times present.	No. of Tests.	
35 Grains.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	4 Grains.						
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									2	0	2	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									13	0	13	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									1	0	1	
									12	0	12	
	0	2	2·17	1·80	1·98		0	2	11	0	11	
	0	2	1·01	0·00	0·50		0	2	12	0	12	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	12	0	12	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	12	0	12	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	11	0	11	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	12	0	12	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	12	0	12	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	12	0	12	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	10	0	10	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	12	0	12	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	12	0	12	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	11	0	11	
	0	2			0·00		0	2	11	0	11	
	0	24					0	24	138	0	138	

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Quebec—									
July..			18·24		0	1	17·53	17·02	17·27
August			17·95		0	1	20·70	16·91	18·80
September.			18·16		0	1	20·34	20·11	20·22
October			17·66		0	1	18·09	14·18	16·13
November			18·52		0	1	21·25	20·64	20·94
December			18·17		0	1	22·24	20·07	21·15
January.			17·90		0	1	20·14	16·97	18·55
February			17·92		0	1	20·86	20·23	20·54
March			18·00		0	1	19·73	18·48	19·10
April.			18·56		0	1	21·28	19·96	20·62
May.			17·68		0	1	20·22	14·36	17·25
June.			17·30		0	1	15·32	12·44	13·88
					0	12			
Sherbrooke—									
July.....			16·68		0	1			
August			17·06		0	1			
September.			17·24		0	1			
October			17·55		0	1			
November			17·29		0	1			
December			16·33		0	1			
January			16·33		0	1			
February			15·22		1	1			
March			13·82		1	1			
April			16·19		0	1			
May.			16·51		0	1			
June.			17·24		0	1			
					2	12			
Fredericton—									
July	18·07	17·03	17·57		0	5			
August	18·31	17·42	17·95		0	5			
September.	18·33	17·48	17·74		0	4			
October	18·44	17·35	17·81		0	4			
November	18·49	17·88	18·13		0	5			
December	18·42	16·48	17·69		0	5			
January	18·90	17·09	18·19		0	5			
February	17·93	16·31	16·99		0	5			
March	17·18	16·40	16·66		0	5			
April	16·67	15·99	16·29		1	3			
May.	17·25	16·29	16·74		0	4			
June.	16·86	16·31	16·64		0	5			
					1	55			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Moncton—									
July									
August.									
September.									
October			17·97		0	1			
November			17·94		0	1			
December			16·97		0	1			
January			16·77		0	1			
February			16·00		0	1			
March			18·57		0	1			
April			16·18		0	1			
May.			17·75		0	1			
June.			17·79		0	1			
					0	9			
St. John—									
July.									
August.									
September.									
October	16·50	16·40	16·45		0	2			23·18
November	16·47	15·86	16·19		1	5	29·03	15·42	24·03
December.	18·56	16·40	17·09		0	6	20·06	17·37	18·98
January.	18·72	16·75	17·70		0	6	24·16	23·01	23·58
February	17·67	16·48	17·18		0	6	19·33	18·09	18·71
March	17·39	16·25	16·81		0	5	27·38	20·15	23·76
April	17·38	16·47	16·97		0	6	25·11	16·64	20·87
May.	17·60	17·05	17·27		0	6	27·76	22·70	25·23
June.	16·81	16·39	16·61		0	5	20·67	13·85	17·26
					1	47			
Halifax—									
July.			17·51		0	1			13·73
August.			17·05		0	1			
September.			17·64		0	1			
October.			17·80		0	1			11·90
November.			16·20		0	1			10·69
December.			17·40		0	1			10·77
January			16·88		0	1			11·61
February.			16·61		0	1			10·11
March.			17·22		0	1			11·08
April			16·35		0	1			9·88
May.			17·37		0	1			8·90
June.			17·49		0	1			11·61
					0	12			

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 13

F—Continued.

Inspected during the Year ended June 30, 1901.

CUBIC FEET.			AMMONIA PER 100 CUBIC FEET.						SULPHURETTED HYDROGEN.			REMARKS.
Standard.	No. of times in excess of allowance.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average	Standard.	No. of times in excess of allowance.	No. of Tests.	No. of times absent.	No. of times present.	No. of Tests.	
35 Grains.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.	4 Grains.						
							</					

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Pictou—									
July			18·81		0	1			
August			18·20		0	1			
September			18·00		0	1			
October									
November			18·63		0	1			
December			18·63		0	1			
January			18·08		0	1			
February			18·09		0	1			
March			18·15		0	1			
April			18·33		0	1			
May									
June			18·10		0	1			
					0	10			
Yarmouth—									
July			17·42		0	1			
August			16·75		0	1			
September			17·15		0	1			
October			16·81		0	1			
November			17·51		0	1			
December			17·51		0	1			
January			16·60		0	1			
February			17·00		0	1			
March			17·14		0	1			
April									
May									
June			17·05		0	1			
					0	10			
Charlottetown—									
July			17·56		0	1			
August			18·45		0	1			
September			17·41		0	1			
October			21·44		0	1			
November			18·30		0	1			
December			19·40		0	1			
January			19·70		0	1			
February			19·42		0	1			
March			21·13		0	1			
April			19·97		0	1			
May			19·81		0	1			
June			19·79		0	1			
					0	12			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be low standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Winnipeg—									
July.....			22·28		0	1			
August.....			22·00		0	1			
September.....			20·52		0	1			
October.. .			20·21		0	1			
November.....			19·82		0	1			
December.....			20·08		0	1			
January.....			21·10		0	1			
February.....			20·04		0	1			
March . . .			20·62		0	1			
April.....			21·11		0	1			
May.....			19·94		0	1			
June.....			19·95		0	1			
					0	12			
Nanaimo—									
July.....			19·04		0	1			
August.....			18·29		0	1			
September . . .			19·72		0	1			
October.....			18·72		0	1			
November.....			19·21		0	1			
December.....			18·48		0	1			
January.....			18·21		0	1			
February.. .			17·85		0	1			
March.....			17·59		0	1			
April.....			19·34		0	1			
May.....			18·66		0	1			
June.....			19·10		0	1			
					0	12			
New Westminster—									
July.....						Nil			
August.....						"			
September.....						"			
October.....						"			
November.....						"			
December . . .						"			
January.....						"			
February.....						"			
March.....						"			
April.....						"			
May.....						"			
June.....						"			

APPENDIX

RETURN of the Illuminating Power and Purity of Gas

INSPECTION OFFICES.	ILLUMINATING POWER.						SULPHUR PER 100		
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Standard.	No. of times be- low Standard.	No. of Tests.	Highest	Lowest.	Average
	Candles.	Candles.	Candles.	16 Candles.			Grains.	Grains.	Grains.
Vancouver—									
July			18·42		0	1			
August			17·44		0	1			
September			18·23		0	1			
October			17·89		0	1			
November			18·68		0	1			
December			18·36		0	1			
January			18·48		0	1			
February			18·26		0	1			
March			18·15		0	1			
April			18·23		0	1			
May			18·23		0	1			
June			18·42		0	1			
					0	12			
Victoria—									
July			18·38		0	1			
August			18·10		0	1			
September									
October			18·07		0	1			
November			18·02		0	1			
December			18·10		0	1			
January			18·24		0	1			
February			18·11		0	1			
March			17·94		0	1			
April			18·44		0	1			
May			18·77		0	1			
June			18·02		0	1			
					0	11			

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

APPENDIX G.

STATEMENT of Gas Meters presented for Verification, Verified, Verified after first Rejection, and Rejected, during the Year ended June 30, 1901.

INSPECTION OFFICES.	Presented for Verification	Kind.		Verified as coming within the Error tolerated by Law.			Verified after First Rejection.			Rejected.			Totals. Verified and Rejected.	
		Wet.	Dry.	Correct.	Fast.	Slow.	Correct.	Fast.	Slow.	Unsound.	Fast.	Slow.	Verified.	Rejected.
Barrie.....	22		22		10	11						1	21	1
Belleville.....	74		74	12	33	22				4	3		67	7
Berlin.....	130		130	3	59	55		1	1		6	5	119	11
Brockville.....	236		236	55	111	60		3	1	1	2	3	230	6
Cobourg.....	43		43	4	8	29			1			1	42	1
Cornwall.....	4		4		1	3							4	
Guelph.....	232		232	5	71	156							232	
Hamilton.....	1,415		1,415	237	121	1,056					1		1,414	1
Kingston..	229		229	82	29	117						1	228	1
Listowel.....	34		34	11	8	14						1	33	1
London..	1,837		1,837	376	337	1,108		2			13	1	1,823	14
Napanee.....	29		29	9	7	10					2	1	26	3
Ottawa.....	537	1	536	28	56	450					1	2	534	3
Owen Sound.....	22		22	20	1	1							22	
Peterborough.....	42	15	27	15	27								42	
Sarnia.....	175	44	131	146	5	5	5		8			6	169	6
Stratford.....	37		37	3	11	19					2	2	33	4
Toronto.....	6,928		6,928	1,041	1,777	4,077				14	16	3	6,895	33
Montreal..	5,650		5,650	651	761	4,197				2	33	6	5,609	41
Quebec.....	173		173	29	41	100		1		1	1		171	2
Sherbrooke.....														
Fredericton.....	32		32	21	5	4		1				1	31	1
St. John.....	222		222	55	18	145					3	1	218	4
Halifax.....	257	174	83	170	31	55					1		256	1
Charlottetown.....	53		53	9	7	18				11		8	34	19
Winnipeg.....	421		421	35	7	379							421	
Nanaimo.....	79		79	8	14	56				1			78	1
Vancouver.....	232		232	51	94	87							232	
Victoria.....	153		153	36	42	75							153	
Totals.....	19,298	234	19,064	3,112	3,692	12,309	5	8	11	34	84	43	19,137	161

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

APPENDIX H.

STATEMENT of Electric Light Inspection Expenditures and Revenues for the Year ended June 30, 1901.

Districts.	Inspectors.	EXPENDITURES.					REVENUES.	
		Special Assistance	Rent.	Travel-ling Expen-ses.	Sundries.	Totals.	Registra-tion Fees.	Inspection Fees.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Belleville...	Johnson, Wm			169 91	17 17	187 08	545 00	243 25
Hamilton ..	McPhie, D.			86 50	1 15	87 65	365 00	821 75
London.....	Nash, A. F.....			97 00	4 00	101 00	680 00	581 75
Ottawa.....	Roche, H. G.						380 00	735 50
Toronto	Johnstone, J. K..			140 80	8 45	149 25	935 00	1,573 00
	Ontario .. .			494 21	30 77	524 98	2,905 00	3,955 25
Montreal. . .	Aubin, A	360 00		19 50	9 75	389 25	310 00	2,728 75
Quebec.	Le Vasseur, N				63 64	63 64	132 50	1,213 50
Sherbrooke..	Simpson, A. F....			74 45	2 14	76 59	340 00	237 00
	Quebec... ..	360 00		93 95	75 53	529 48	782 50	4,179 25
St. John....	Wilson, J. R.			102 54	17 80	120 34	185 00	562 75
Halifax.....	Miller, A.....			142 84	3 75	146 59	375 00	372 75
Winnipeg...	Magness, R		27 00	162 00	8 75	197 75	275 00	428 77
Vancouver..	Miller, J. E.			14 50	3 45	17 95	215 00	769 00
Victoria	Jones, R.....						60 00	297 75
	British Columbia			14 50	3 45	17 95	275 00	1,066 75

RECAPITULATION.

	Salaries.							
Ontario .. .				494 21	30 77	524 98	2,905 00	3,955 25
Quebec		360 00		93 95	75 53	529 48	782 50	4,179 25
New Brunswick				102 54	17 80	120 34	185 00	562 75
Nova Scotia and P.E.I				142 84	3 75	146 59	375 00	372 75
Manitoba			27 00	162 00	8 75	197 75	275 00	428 77
British Columbia				14 50	3 45	17 95	275 00	1,066 75
Chief Electrical Engr.	2,400 00	30 00		463 17	106 30	2,999 47		
General					4,199 26	4,199 26		
Printing.....					7 35	7 35		
Stationery.					16 20	16 20		
Totals.....	2,400 00	390 00	27 00	1,473 27	4,469 16	8,759 37	4,797 50	10,565 52

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

APPENDIX I.

STATEMENT showing the number of Electric Light Meters Verified, Rejected, and Verified after first Rejection, in each In-spection District, for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1901.

DISTRICTS.	Number presented.	Verified as coming within the Error tolerated by Law.			Rejected.			Verified after first rejection as coming within the Error tolerated by Law.		
		Correct.	Fast.	Slow.	Unsound.	Fast.	Slow.	Correct.	Fast.	Slow.
Belleville	205	140	37	28						
Hamilton	578	464	42	72						
London	426	100	177	145		1	2	1		
Ottawa	809	86	249	462	6	2	4			
Toronto	761	106	282	176		2		62	55	78
Montreal	2,212	1,209	671	196	47	6	10	2	66	5
Quebec	1,633	561	574	492	2			1		
Sherbrooke	139	30	54	55						
St. John	398	73	205	120						
Halifax	458	308	97	16	2	23	4	5	2	1
Winnipeg	264	74	45	145						
Vancouver	691	226	177	288						
Victoria	349	98	149	102						
Totals	8,923	3,478	2,759	2,297	57	34	20	71	123	84

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

APPENDIX J.

STATEMENT showing the Electric light Companies registered under the Electric Light Inspection Act, during the Year ended June 30, 1901.

Districts.	From whom Collected.		Serial No.	By whom Collected.	Certificate for Fiscal Year.	NUMBER OF LAMPS.		Regis- tration Fees.	Totals.
						Arc.	Incandesc.		
	\$	cts.						\$	cts.
Belleville.	Corporation of the Town of Picton.....	.....	1	C. I. R., Belleville	1900-1901	50	2,000	25 00	2,500
	R. R. Casement & Co., Madoc.....	.....	2	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	400	10 00	400
	Pratt, Patching & Co., Tweed.....	.....	3	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	650	10 00	650
	Belleville Gas Co ..	.....	4	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	57	.....	10 00	570
	Trenton Electric and Water Co., Ltd.....	.....	5	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	92	3,000	25 00	3,920
	Marmora Electric Co. *	.....	6	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	270	5 00	250
	Vankleek Hill Electric Co., Ltd.....	.....	1	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	865	10 00	865
	Municipal Corporation of the Village of Alexandria..	.....	2	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	850	10 00	850
	Stormont Electric Light and Power Co., Cornwall.	.....	3	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	1,400	25 00	1,400
	Kingston Light, Heat and Power Co.....	.....	1	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	115	2,500	25 00	3,650
	Napanee Water and Electric Light Co., Limited . . . .	.....	2	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	24	850	25 00	1,090
	Standard Electric Light Co., Napanee.....	.....	3	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	2,100	25 00	2,100
	Benjamin Manufacturing Co., of Yarker, Limited . . . .	.....	4	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	210	10 00	210
	A. A. Connelly, Yarker.....	.....	5	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	85	10 00	85
	Lakefield Electric Light Co . . . . .	.....	1	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	40	.....	10 00	400
	Fenelon Falls Electric Light Co., Ltd.....	.....	2	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	600	10 00	600
	Port Hope Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd.....	.....	3	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	39	900	25 00	1,290
	Cobourg Water and Electric Co., Ltd.....	.....	4	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	2	1,200	25 00	1,450
	James A. Spence, Colborne . . . . .	.....	5	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	20	480	10 00	680
	H. W. Foulds & Co., Hastings.....	.....	6	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	12	375	10 00	495
	Peterborough Light and Power Co., Ltd . . . . .	.....	7	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	120	7,000	25 00	8,200
	W. C. Harrison, Norwood.....	.....	8	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	15	380	10 00	530
	Light, Heat and Power Co., of Lindsay. . . . .	.....	9	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	60	7,000	25 00	7,600
	Bowmanville Electric Light Co., Ltd. . . . .	.....	10	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	24	705	10 00	945
	H. R. Carruthers, Millbrook.....	.....	11	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	10	120	10 00	220
	Waterworks and Electric Light Commission of Campbellford..	.....	12	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	36	1,282	25 00	1,642
	D. J. Galbraith, Newcastle.....	.....	13	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	300	10 00	300
	Cardinal Electric Light Co., Ltd.....	.....	1	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	700	10 00	700
	Kemptville Electric Light Co . . . . .	.....	2	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	500	10 00	500
	A. H. Merkley, Morrisburgh..	.....	3	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	850	10 00	850
	Merrickville Electric Light and Power Co. . . . .	.....	4	" " " " " " " " " " " "	"	.....	350	10 00	350

* Registered for half a year, from January 1, 1901.

Ottawa.....	Sarnia Gas and Electric Light Co.....	3	"	"	65	750	1,400	25 00
	Petrolia Electric Light, Heat and Power Co., Ltd.....	4	"	"	41	2,000	2,410	25 00
	Cook & Sons, Lucan.....	5	"	"		350	350	10 00
	John Morwood, Alvinston.....	6	"	"	13	270	400	10 00
	Hamilton & Prout, Forest....	7	"	"	12	500	620	10 00
	Strathroy Electric Co., Ltd.....	8	"	"	20	600	800	10 00
	Fitzgerald & Sauermann, Watford.....	9	"	"	12	290	410	10 00
	Bella A. Gordon, Glencoe.....	10	"	"	24	300	540	10 00
	Dutton Electric Light Co., Ltd.....	11	"	"	4	376	416	10 00
	H. C. Baird & Son, Parkhill.....	12	"	"	7	400	470	10 00
	Aylmer Electric and Manufacturing Co., Ltd.....	13	"	"	12	800	920	10 00
	West Lorne Electric Light Co., Ltd.....	14	"	"	6	144	204	10 00
	Palmerston Electric Light Co.....	1	"	Stratford..	4	600	640	10 00
	St. Mary's Electric Light Co.....	2	"	"	13	750	880	10 00
	Clinton Electric Light Co.....	3	"	"	14	650	790	10 00
Windsor..	J. G. Field, Tavistock.....	4	"	"		575	575	10 00
	Jacob L. Field, Auburn.....	5	"	"	....	80	80	10 00
	Wingham Electric Light Co.....	6	"	"	40	1,200	1,660	25 00
	Corporation of the Town of Mitchell.....	7	"	"	36	550	910	10 00
	J. A. Williams & Co., Zurich.....	8	"	"	....	200	200	10 00
	Exeter Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd.....	9	"	"	10	800	900	10 00
	Seaforth Electric Light, Heat and Power Co., Ltd.....	10	"	"	55	1,450	2,000	25 00
	Cook & Sons, Hensall.....	11	"	"	1	500	510	10 00
	Town of Goderich.....	12	"	"	33	1,800	2,130	25 00
	Gaedke & Ries, Wroxeter.....	13	"	"	....	300	300	10 00
	Stratford Gas Co.....	14	"	"	100	2,000	3,000	25 00
	Brussels Electric Light Co.....	15	"	"	9	350	440	10 00
	Blyth Electric Light Plant.....	16	"	"	12	400	520	10 00
	John C. Hay, Listowel.....	17	"	"	23		230	10 00
	Corporation of the Town of St. Mary's.....	18	"	"	40	1,500	1,900	25 00
Ottawa.....	People's Electric Co., Ltd., Windsor.....	1	"	"	1	4,720	4,730	25 00
	Hiram Walker & Sons, Ltd., Walkerville.....	2	"	"	8	2,500	2,580	25 00
	Geo. Munro, Thamesville.....	3	"	"	....	500	500	10 00
	Kingsville Electric Light Co.....	4	"	"	..	700	700	10 00
	W. H. McMakon, Rigdetown.....	5	"	"	14	606	746	10 00
	Amherstburg Electric Light, Heat and Power Co., Ltd.....	6	"	"	....	930	930	10 00
	J. E. Gordon, Dresden.....	7	"	"	....	400	400	10 00
	Essex Electric Light Co.....	8	"	"	12	588	708	10 00
	Corporation of the Town of Bothwell.....	9	"	"	15	280	430	10 00
	Lewis Goodchild, Harrow.....	10	"	"	....	350	350	10 00
	Tillbury Electric Light Plant.....	11	"	"	13	450	580	10 00
	Leamington Electric Light Co., Ltd.....	12	"	"	17	893	1,063	25 00
	Chatham Gas Co., Ltd.....	13	"	"	4	1,500	1,540	25 00
	Smith & Henderson, Blenheim.....	14	"	"	10	80	180	10 00
	Wallaceburg Electric Light Co.....	15	"	"	20	1,000	1,200	25 00
								680 00
Ottawa.....	Albert Maclaren, Buckingham.....	1	"	"	....	996	996	10 00
	Deschênes Electric Co., Ltd.....	2	"	"	....	1,600	1,600	25 00
	Ottawa Electric Co.....	3	"	"	585	80,000	85,850	25 00
	Hull Electric Co.....	4	"	"	20	3,580	3,780	25 00

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Joseph Schnitzler, Mildmay	5	"	"	180	10 00
Teeswater Light and Power Co.....	6	"	"	400	10 00
Walter Stewart & Son, Lucknow.....	7	"	"	13	400	10 00
H. Genetzner, Hanover.....	8	"	"	16	1,560	25 00
Paisley Electric Light Co.....	9	"	"	...	522	10 00
Owen Sound Electric, Illuminating and Manufacturing Co., Limited	10	"	"	45	925	10 00
Kilmer, Crawford & McIntyre, Durham.....	11	"	"	.....	820	10 00
Minnis Bros., Markdale.....	12	"	"	...	600	10 00
Walkerton Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd	13	"	"	20	1,500	25 00
Saugeen Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd., Southampton.....	14	"	"	...	1,300	25 00
Town of Kincardine.....	15	"	"	...	940	10 00
Corporation of the Town of Collingwood	16	"	"	36	2,360	25 00
W. Moore & Sons, Meaford.....	17	"	"	18	680	10 00
Corporation of the Village of Dundalk.....	18	"	"	.....	450	10 00
Alexander Dobson, Beaverton.....	1	"	Toronto	....	510	10 00
Aurora Electric Light Co	2	"	"	2	470	10 00
Oshawa Electric Light Co., Ltd	3	"	"	25	850	10 00
Knight Bros. Co., Burk's Falls	4	"	"	....	570	10 00
Corporation of the Village of Acton	5	"	"	.....	688	10 00
Toronto Electric Light Co., Ltd.....	6	"	"	1,450	94,500	25 00
Parry Sound Electric Light Co., Ltd.....	7	"	"	1	1,654	25 00
Corporation of the Town of Bracebridge.....	8	"	"	.....	3,000	25 00
Port Perry Electric Light Co.....	9	"	"	12	395	10 00
Penetanguishene and Midland Electric Street Railway, Light and Power Company, Ltd.....	10	"	"	14	940	10 00
Tottenham Electric Light Plant.....	11	"	"	.....	217	10 00
W. H. Summerfeldt & Sons, Sutton West.....	12	"	"	.....	275	10 00
Lakefield and Whitby Electric Light Co.....	13	"	"	26	800	10 00
Corporation of the Town of Orillia.....	14	"	"	48	3,080	25 00
Cannington Electric Light Co.....	15	"	"	10	510	10 00
Alliston Electric Light Co.....	16	"	"	7	750	10 00
Stouffville Electric Light Co.....	17	"	"	.....	375	10 00
Wright & McKinlay, Shelburne.....	18	"	"	...	100	10 00
Corporation of the Village of Markham.....	19	"	"	...	350	10 00
Tagona Water and Light Co., Sault Ste. Maria.....	20	"	"	62	3,143	25 00
Gravenhurst Electric Light and Power Co	21	"	"	10	970	10 00
Corporation of the Town of Barrie.....	22	"	"	50	4,500	25 00
John Philip, Grand Valley.....	23	"	"	3	630	10 00
Corporation of Huntsville.....	24	"	"	.....	900	10 00
Simon Plewes, Creemore.....	25	"	"	...	400	10 00
Isaac J. Gould, Uxbridge.....	26	"	"	12	672	10 00
Milton Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd.....	27	"	"	20	625	10 00
Midland Electric Co., Ltd.....	28	"	"	35	1,250	25 00
Joseph Knox, Elmvale.....	29	"	"	.....	500	10 00
Glen Williams Electric Light Co.....	30	"	"	18	780	10 00
Joseph Knox, Stayner.....	31	"	"	.....	650	10 00
Orangeville Electric Light and Power Co	32	"	"	28	1,280	25 00
Hutton Electric Co., Brampton	33	"	"	30	948	10 00
Corporation of the Village of Beeton.....	34	"	"	.....	775	10 00

Sherbrooke.....	Knowlton Electric Light Co	1	"	Sherbrooke .....	"	.....	375	375	10 00
	P. Champoux & Bros., Disraeli.....	2	"	" .....	"	.....	675	675	10 00
	Sherbrooke Gas and Water Co.....	3	"	"	"	92	8,220	25 00	25 00
	Corporation of the Town of Magog.....	4	"	" .....	"	.....	1,306	25 00	25 00
	Coaticooke Electric Light and Power Co.	5	"	"	"	28	1,480	25 00	25 00
	Corporation of the Village of Granby.....	6	"	"	"	40	2,400	25 00	25 00
	Farnham Electric Light Co.....	7	"	" .....	"	.....	953	10 00	10 00
	W. S. Foster, Waterloo.....	8	"	" .....	"	.....	1,000	10 00	10 00
	G. K. Nesbitt, Cowansville.....	9	"	" .....	"	.....	400	10 00	10 00
	Eastern Townships Electric Co., North Hatley.....	10	"	" .....	"	.....	950	10 00	10 00
	Stanstead Electric Light Co	11	"	"	"	19	915	10 00	10 00
	French Bros., Sawyerville.....	12	"	" .....	"	.....	80	10 00	10 00
	Richmond County Electric Co , Richmond	13	"	" .....	"	.....	1,414	25 00	25 00
	Napoléon Lemay, St. Camille.....	14	"	" .....	"	.....	150	10 00	10 00
	Parker & Howe, Dixville	15	"	" .....	"	.....	175	10 00	10 00
	La Compagnie d'Eclairage Electrique de Mégantic.....	16	"	" .....	"	.....	680	10 00	10 00
	M. S. Cornell & Sons, East Stanbridge	17	"	" .....	"	.....	125	10 00	10 00
	St. John's Electric Light Co	18	"	"	"	19	1,690	25 00	25 00
	Cosey & Campbell, Bedford.....	19	"	" .....	"	.....	560	10 00	10 00
St. John.....	Canadian Woollen Mills Co., St. Hyacinthe	1	"	St. Hyacinthe..	"	.....	20	10 00	10 00
	La Compagnie de Gaz Electricité et Pouvoirs, St. Hyacinthe..	2	"	"	"	27	6,270	25 00	25 00
	La Compagnie Electrique de Plessisville.....	3	"	" .....	"	.....	1,288	25 00	25 00
	340 00								
	Carleton Electric Light Co., St. John, N.B., West Side..	1	"	St. John.....	"	28	780	10 00	10 00
	Fredericton Gas Light Co	2	"	"	"	75	1,000	25 00	25 00
	Sackville Electric Light and Telephone Co	3	"	" .....	"	.....	450	10 00	10 00
	Sussex Water and Electric Light Co	4	"	" .....	"	.....	575	10 00	10 00
	Woodstock Electric Light Co., Ltd.....	5	"	" .....	"	.....	850	10 00	10 00
	St. Stephen Electric Light Co.....	6	"	"	"	50	1,550	25 00	25 00
	Town of Campbellton.....	7	"	"	"	22	720	10 00	10 00
Halifax.....	St. John Railway Co.....	8	"	"	"	420	14,000	25 00	25 00
	City of Moncton Water and Light Department...	9	"	"	"	96	2,116	25 00	25 00
	Chatham Electric Light Co.....	10	"	" .....	"	.....	2,500	25 00	25 00
	Small & Fisher Co., Ltd., Woodstock.....	11	"	" .....	"	.....	500	10 00	10 00
	185 00								
	Prince Edward Island Electric Co., Charlottetown	1	"	Charlottetown..	"	85	7,850	25 00	25 00
	Full Electric Co. of Prince Edward Island, Charlottetown ..	2	"	"	"	7	2,270	25 00	25 00
	Montague Electric Co..	3	"	" .....	"	.....	325	10 00	10 00
	Kentville Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd.....	1	"	Halifax.....	"	.....	900	10 00	10 00
	Digby Electric Light Plant	2	"	" .....	"	.....	500	10 00	10 00
	Windsor Electric Light and Power Co., Ltd.....	3	"	" .....	"	.....	2,500	25 00	25 00
	Bridgewater Power Co., Ltd.....	4	"	" .....	"	.....	900	10 00	10 00
	Edison Electric Light and Power Co. of Springhill, Ltd	5	"	"	"	3	600	10 00	10 00
	Dartmouth Gas, Electric Light, Heating and Power Co., Ltd ..	6	"	" .....	"	.....	850	10 00	10 00
	Halifax Electric Tramway Co., Ltd.....	7	"	"	"	304	21,870	25 00	25 00
	Bear River Electric Light, Heating and Power Co., Ltd.....	8	"	" .....	"	.....	400	10 00	10 00
	Chambers Electric Light and Power Co., Truro.....	9	"	" .....	"	.....	1,300	25 00	25 00
	Town of Parrsboro	10	"	" .....	"	.....	776	10 00	10 00
	Acadia Electric Light Co., Wolfville.....	11	"	"	"	850	10 00	10 00
	C. O'Dell Electric Light Co., Ltd., Annapolis.....	12	"	"	"	700	10 00	10 00

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Victoria.....	Canadian Smelting Works, Trail.....	9	"	"	10	450	550	10 00	
	Kootenay Electric Co., Limited.....	10	"	"	846	846	10 00	
	Corporation of the City of Kamloops.....	11	"	"	.....	1,200	1,200	25 00	
	Victoria Electric Co., Ltd.....	1	"	Victoria.....	.....	300	300	10 00	215 00
	Nanaimo Electric Light, Power and Heating Co.....	2	"	"	52	1,100	1,620	25 00	
	British Columbia Electric Railway Co., Ltd., Victoria.....	3	"	"	29	18,000	18,290	25 00	60 00
									4,797 50

* Each arc lamp is reckoned as equal to ten incandescent.

INLAND REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, August 10, 1901.

W. J. GERALD,
Deputy Minister.

DOMINION ELECTRICAL STANDARDS

BY

ORMOND HIGMAN, M. INST. E. E.; A. M. CAN. SOC. C. E.,

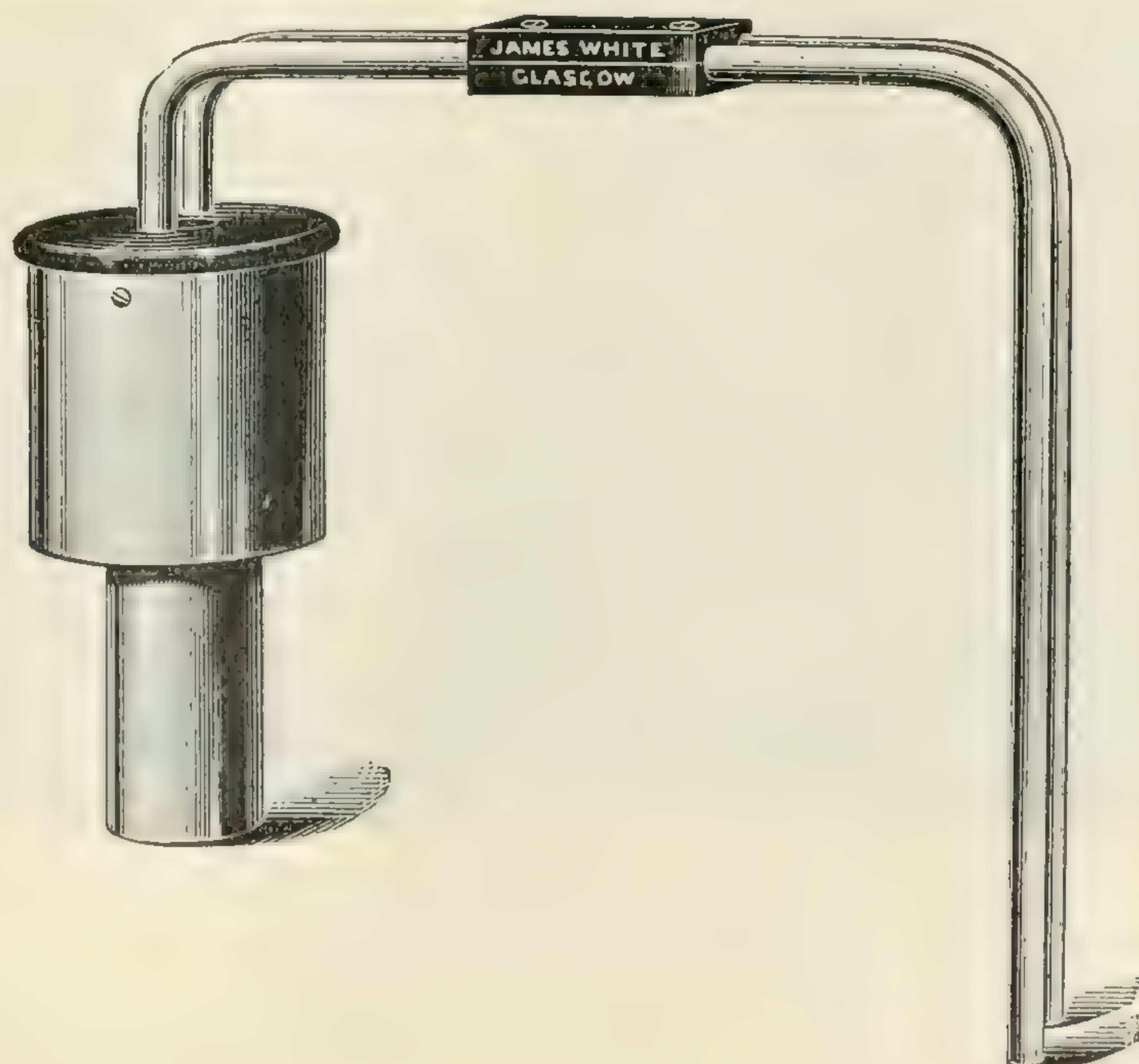
Chief Electrical Engineer, Inland Revenue Department.

In 1894 when Parliament passed the Electrical Units Act, (Schedule A.) the writer was called upon to procure the apparatus necessary to produce and express the standard units therein legalized.

In seeking for guidance in the discharge of this important and responsible duty, I naturally turned to the brilliant work accomplished by the Committee on Electrical Standards appointed by the British Association in the seventies, and the no less brilliant work accomplished by the Electrical Standards Committee of the Board of Trade and contained in their report to Parliament in 1891-92. The results of the labours of these committees will, I venture to say, be found to be the most interesting and instructive chapters in the history of electrical science. At the period when they commenced their labours the experimental sciences of electricity and magnetism were, for the most part, mere collections of qualitative results estimated by means of units which were altogether arbitrary. The work of the committees changed experimental electricity into an exact science by adopting the C. G. S. system as their fundamental basis, and which enabled them to express their results in units that are altogether independent of instruments or surroundings. For practical purposes, however, it was necessary that the units should find expression in apparatus, the accuracy and constancy of which could not be questioned. For the absolute measurement of current and electro-motive force, both varying and unvarying, Lord Kelvin's instruments were recommended. The following apparatus has been procured by the department as Standards of Electrical measure; and although not by any means complete, I am glad to be able to report that substantial progress has been made in complying with the requirements of section 3 of the Units Act.

STANDARDS OF RESISTANCE.

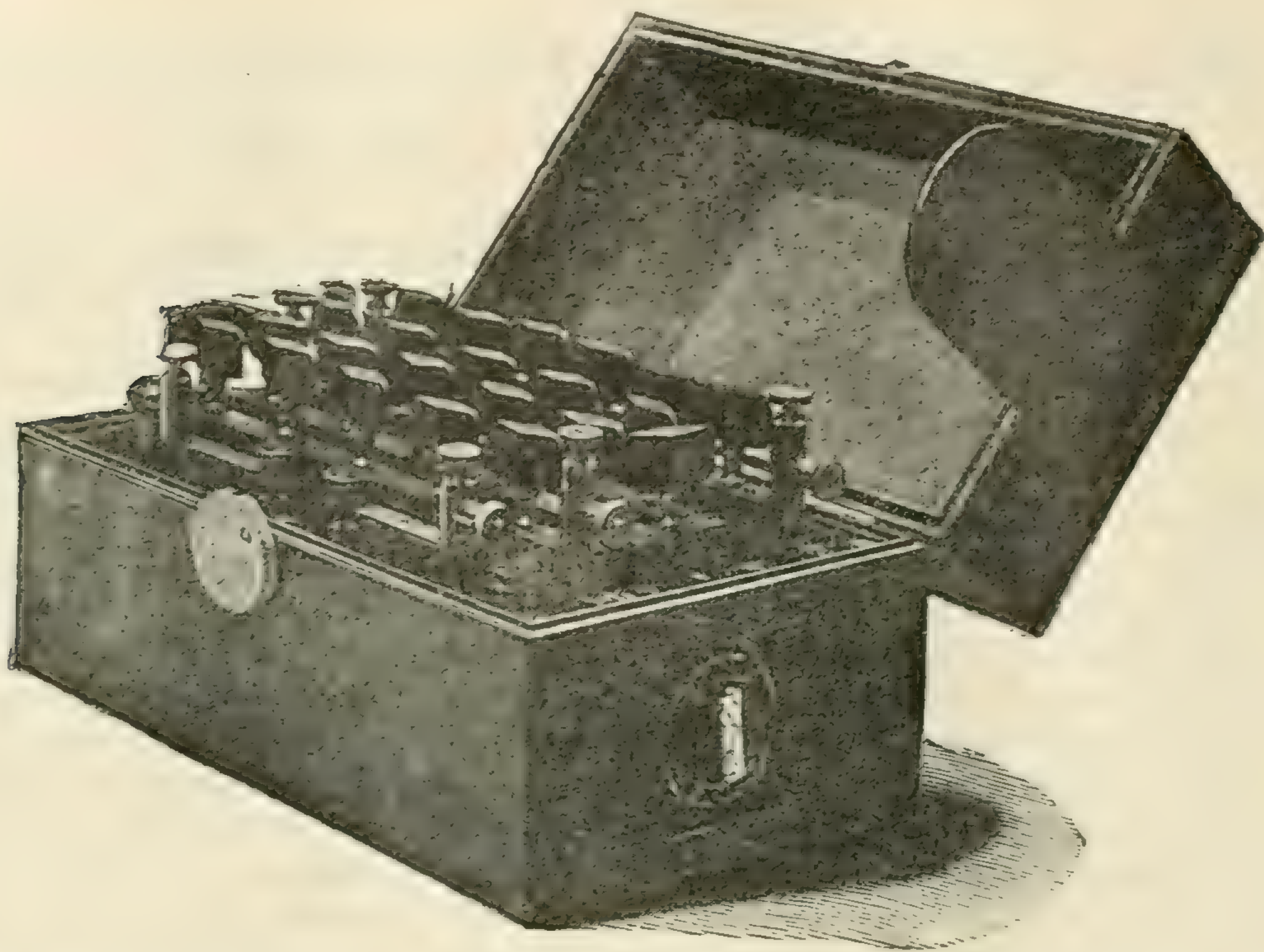
Two standard ohms, one of the Board of Trade and one of the Reichsanstalt (Berlin) pattern.



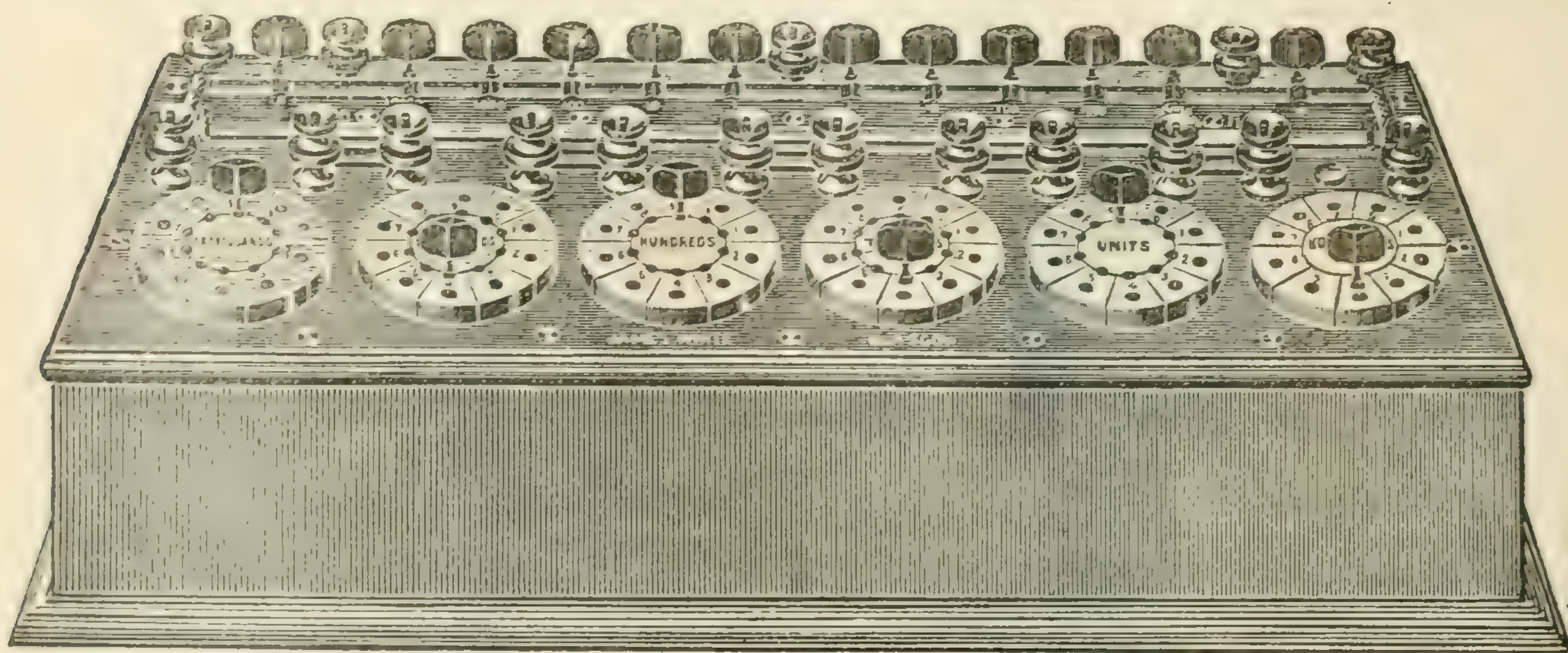
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One resistance box containing ten 1 ohm coils with suitable plugging arrangements for putting the coils in series as a 10 ohm standard or in multiple as a $\frac{1}{10}$ ohm standard.

One Kelvin resistance coil 100,000 ohms with 10 sub-divisions of 10,000 ohms, each arranged with plugs for connecting in series or in parallel or any combination of series and parallel.



One Wheatstone Bridge (Anthony pattern) with ratio coils 1, 10, 100, 1,000 and 10,000 on each side with bridge coils of tenths, units, tens, hundreds and thousands. These coils are made of manganin wire specially selected and the box is fitted with an electric thermometer. Measurements of great accuracy can be obtained with this bridge used in conjunction with a sensitive reflecting D'Arsonval galvanometer. Intercomparisons between these standards will be made from time to time and records kept of their variations.

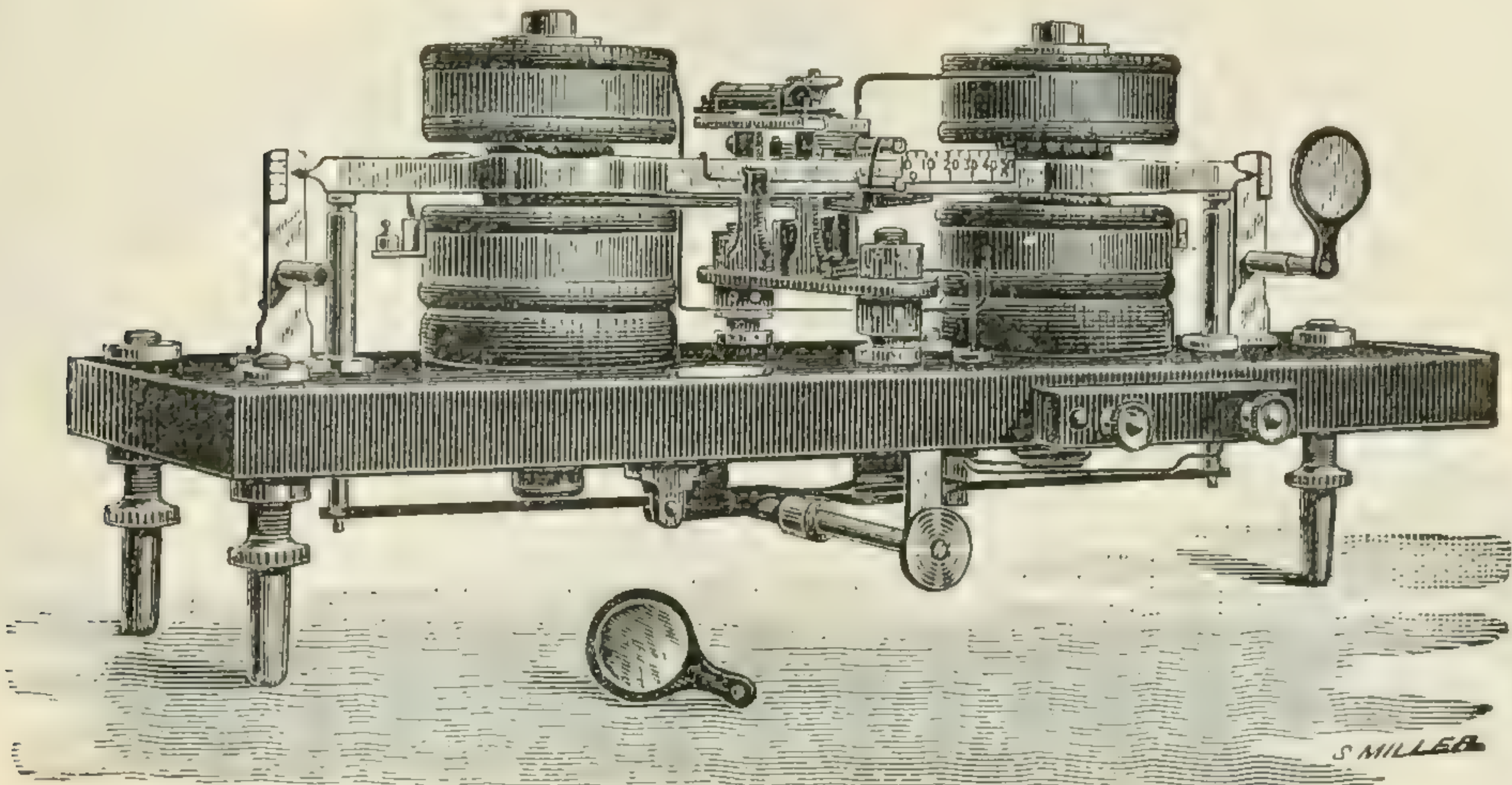


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MEASUREMENT OF CURRENT.

For the measurement of current a set of Lord Kelvin's balances has been provided covering the following ranges :

0 to.....	1 ampere.
1 to.....	5 "
5 to.....	25 "
25 to.....	.125 "

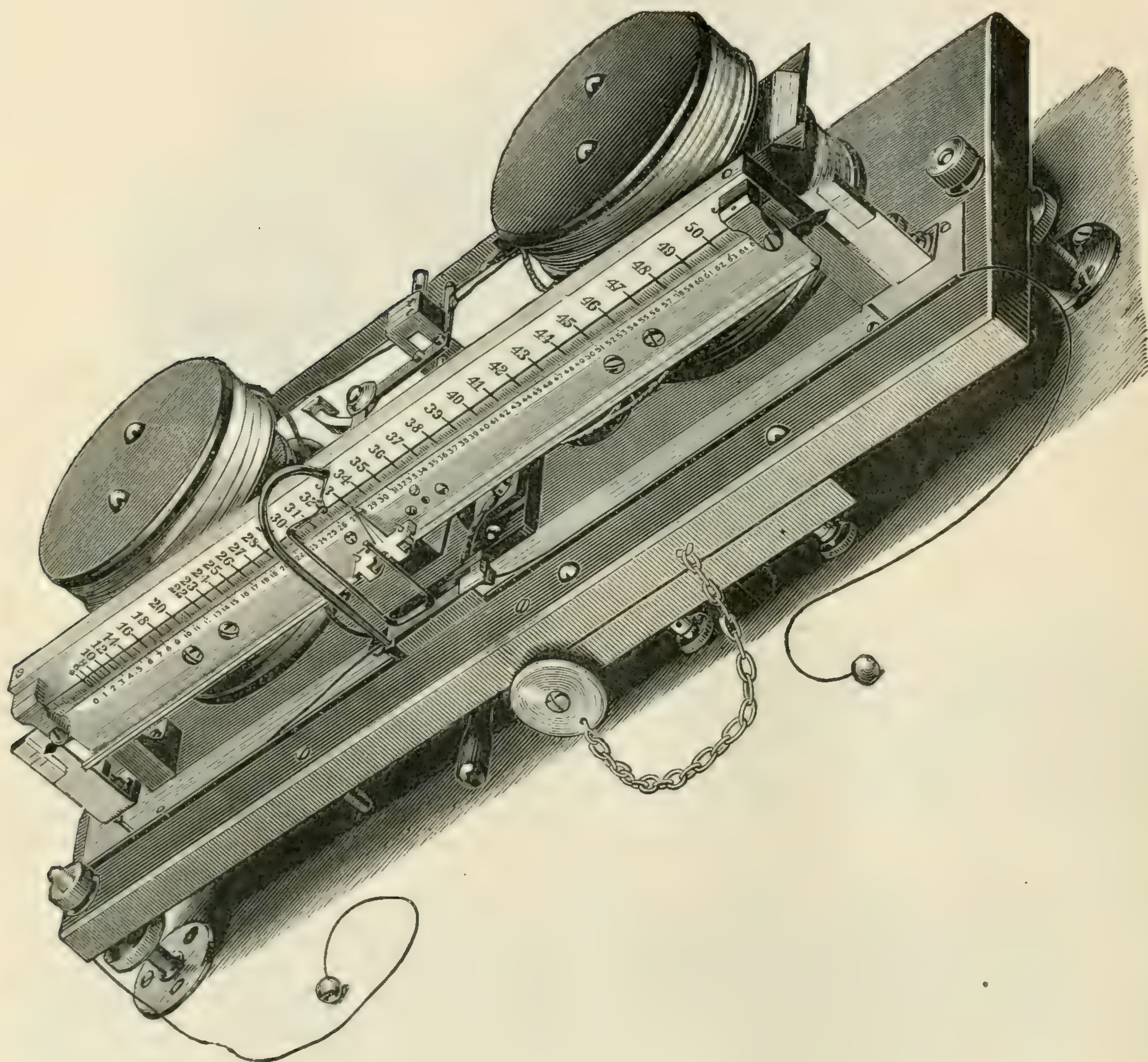


These instruments are founded on the mutal forces, discovered by Ampere, between movable and fixed portions of an electric circuit. The shape chosen for the mutually influencing portions is circular and are called by Lord Kelvin ‘Ampere Rings’. In each of the instruments each movable ring is actuated by two fixed rings, all three approxi nately horizontal. There are two such groups of three rings—two movable rings attached to the two ends of a horizontal balance arm pulled, one up and the other down by a pair of fixed rings in its neighbourhood. The current is in opposite directions in the movable rings to practically annul disturbances due to horizontal components of terrestrial or local magnetic forces. It is fortunate that these magnetic disturbances have been thus annulled for reasons that will be alluded to presently. In all of the balances the current goes in opposite directions through the two fixed rings, so that the movable ring is attracted by one of the fixed rings and repelled by the other. The balances were constructed specially for the department and are a modification of the ordinary type. They are intended as ultimate standards, great accuracy and permanency being guaranteed. The scale and sliding weights are taken away and the beam is made specially strong and has a pointer at each end. A scale pan is hung at each end of the beam, and the distance from coil to coil is greater than in the ordinary balance. The method of making an observation is by placing a weight of fixed amount on the left hand scale pan, and the beam is balanced with no current through the coils ; the weight is then lifted to the right hand scale pan and the current turned on. The amount of current passing is adjusted till the beam again balances, when the current will be according to the value of the weight used. Tests, having an accuracy of $\frac{1}{20}$ of 1 per cent can be quickly made, and with more careful manipulation, a much higher degree of accuracy can be attained.

For purposes of graduation or standardization, the silver voltameter is used. It is one of the most accurate for calibrating current measuring instruments. It depends on the well-known principle that when a current of electricity flows through an electrolyte, the amount of decomposition resulting in a given time is directly proportional to the

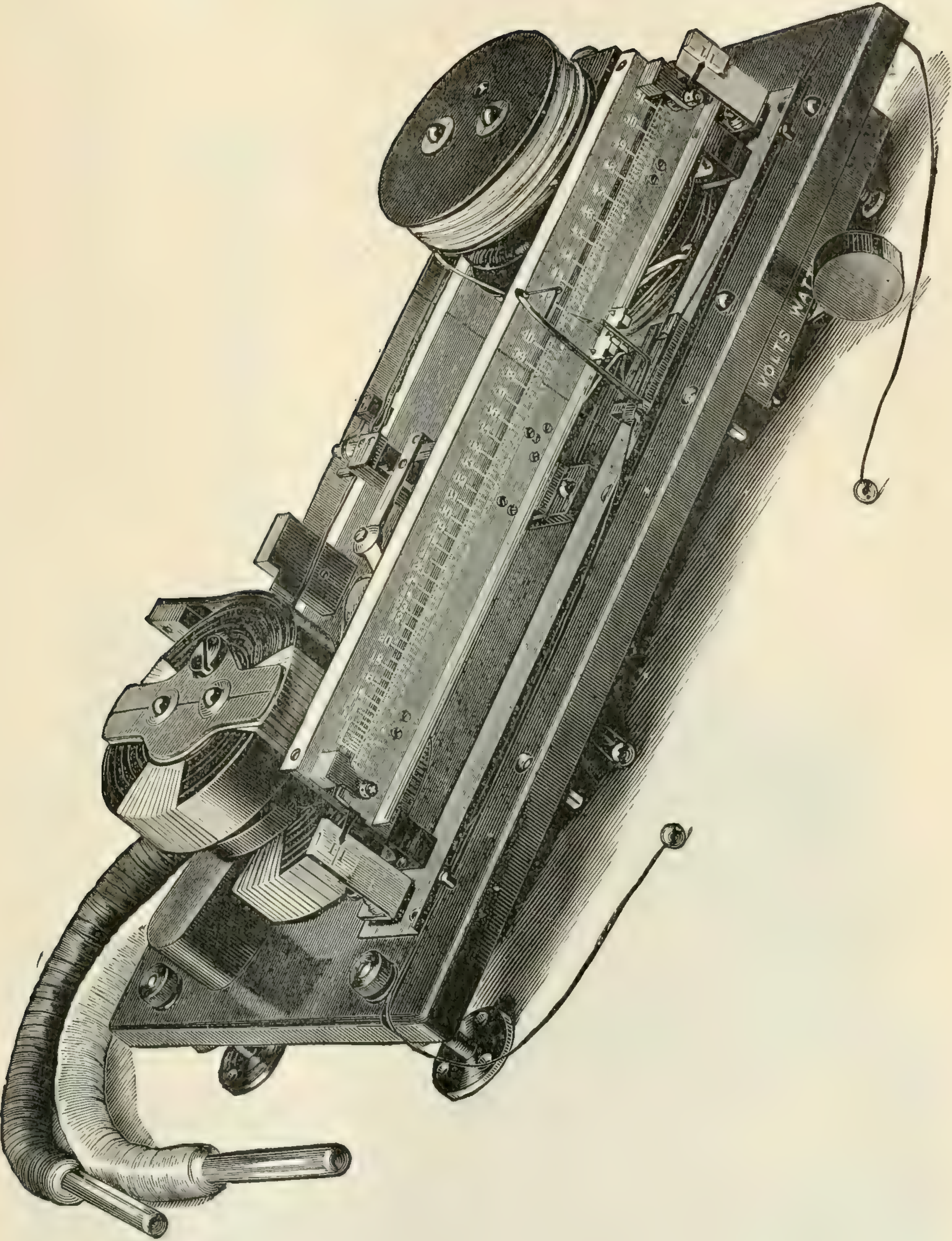
1-2 EDWARD VII., A. 1902

total quantity of electricity which has passed in that time. For any substance 1 coulomb will always decompose or liberate at the cathode the same fixed weight of the substance and is defined as its electro-chemical equivalent. The latest experiments agree in giving 0.001118 (9,634 C.G.S. units) as the electro-chemical equivalent of silver. The specification for the electrolyte is given in schedule B. A more convenient, if not



quite as accurate a method is the copper cell. The experimenter should be careful to procure pure copper sulphate and plates and the use of a chemical balance. A small quantity of sulphuric acid will improve the electrolyte. The electro-chemical equivalent of copper is 0.00337 or 1.177 grammes of copper are deposited per ampere hour, approximately.

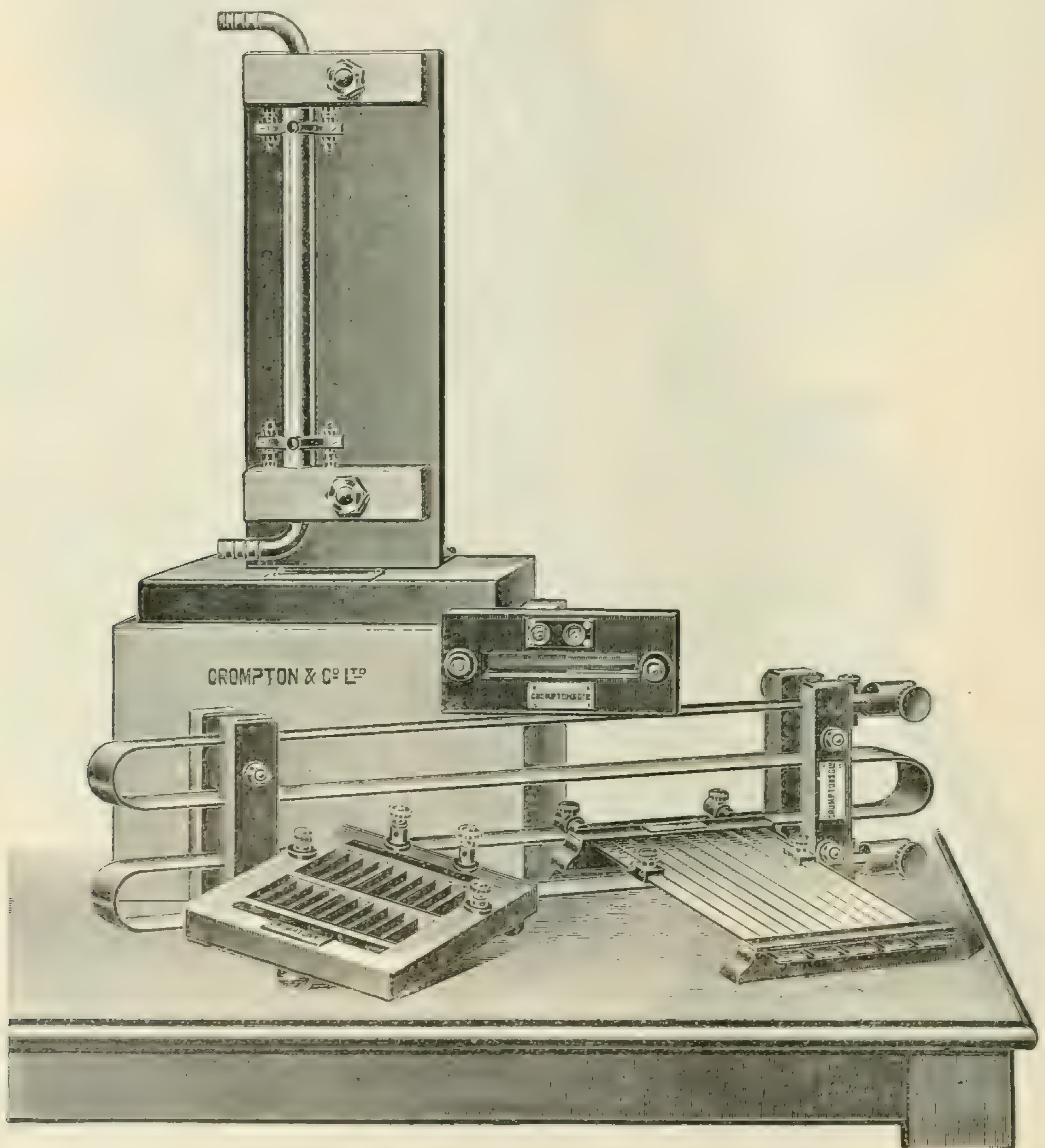
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Another method for the measurement of current and the standardization of instruments is the fall of potential or potentiometer method. The department is now installing one of Crompton's laboratory instruments of this type, made expressly to order and suitable for reproducing and comparing standards with the highest possible degree of accuracy. Standard resistances of the following capacity are furnished with the instrument for current measurement :—

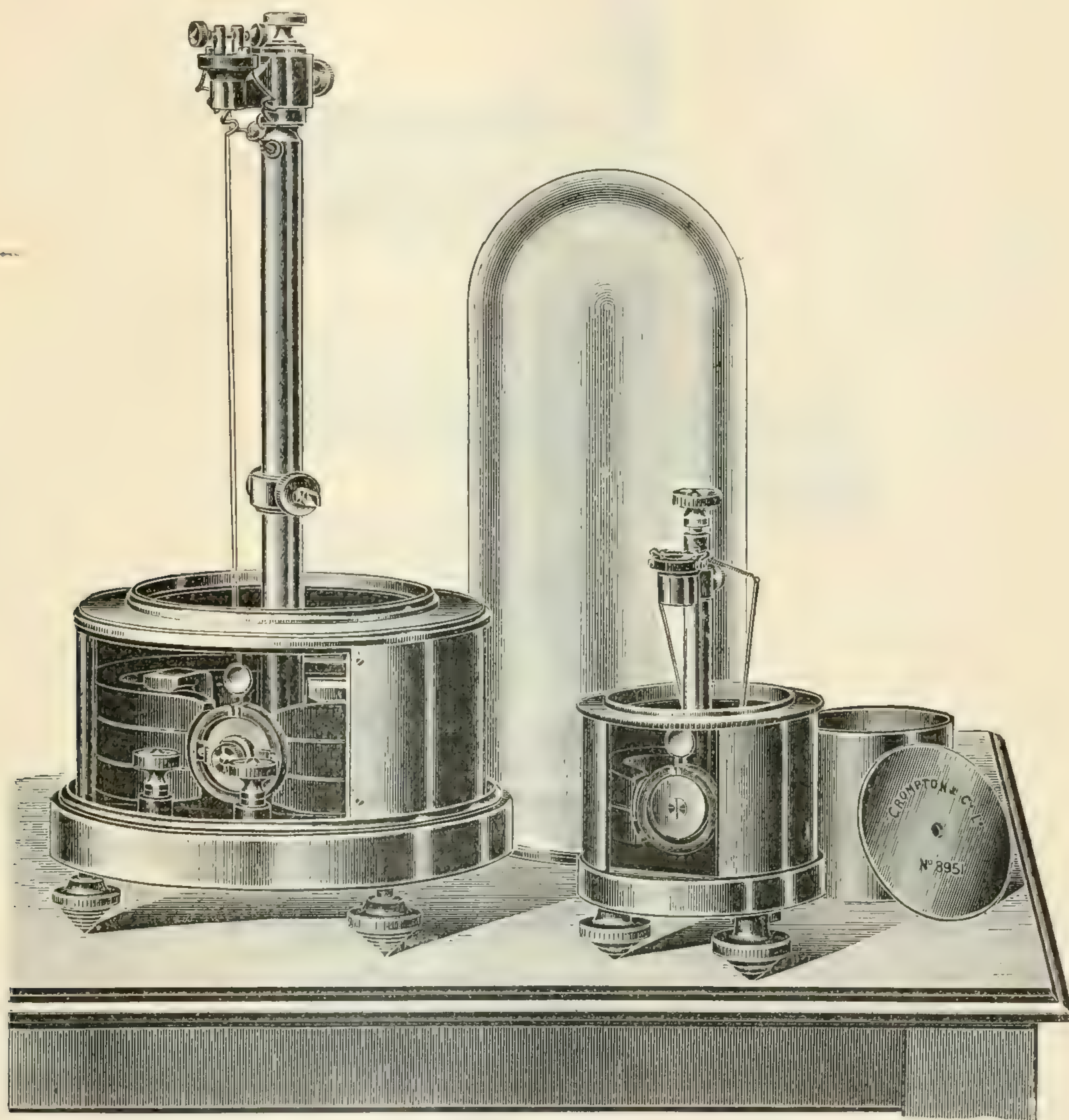
Resistance in ohms.	Maximum current in amperes.
1.	1.5
.5	3.
.1	15.
.01	150.
.005	300.



These resistances consist of a sheet or strip of metal, or a coil of wire, each provided with four terminals, two for connection to the circuit and two for connection to the potential leads. The resistances are made of manganin and owing to the exceedingly low temperature co-efficient of the alloy, no temperature correction is necessary except for accuracies exceeding 1 part in 1,000 when a curve giving the temperature value of the

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whole range of current that the instrument is capable of carrying is supplied. The current to be measured is passed through one of these standard resistances and the fall of potential noted. If the resistance standards are properly proportioned to the instrument, the reading in amperes will be direct. Thus a standard carrying 1,500 amperes should cause a fall of 1.5 volts, each section of the instrument being equivalent to $\frac{1}{10}$ of a volt will therefore correspond to 100 amperes. The accuracy of the apparatus for current measurement, as will be observed, is largely dependent on the accuracy with which the standard resistances are constructed.

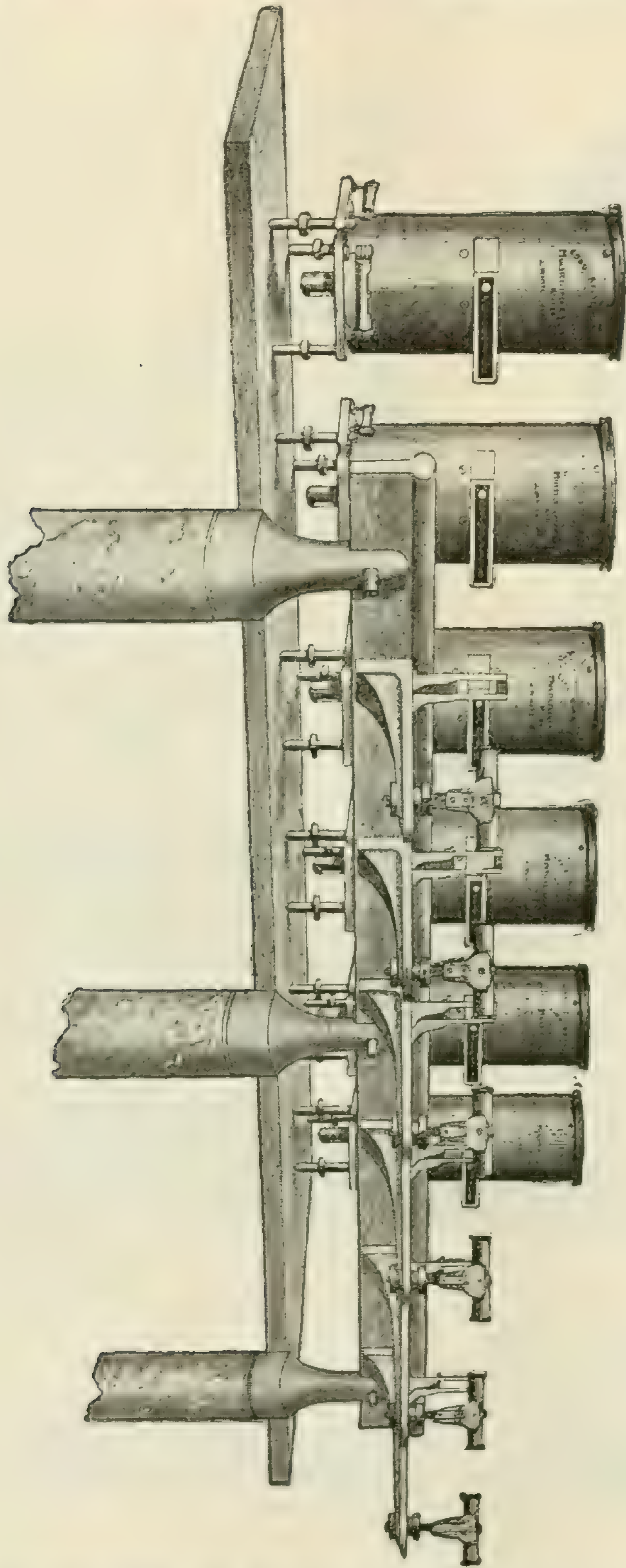


Another and similar method for the measurement of current by the fall of potential is that known as the "Vienna method." A set of instruments comprising a Weston milli-voltmeter and shunt box have been procured and forms one of the most flexible, and at the same time, accurate means of current measurement. In this as in the preceding method, if the resistances are proportional to the voltmeter, the reading in amperes will be direct. The resistances in the shunt box are made of manganin alloy with practically no temperature variation and are correct to $\frac{1}{5}$ of 1 per cent. The combination gives three full scale readings as follows:— From 0 to 1.5 ampere, from 0 to 15 amperes, and from 0 to 150 amperes. Tests can be made with great rapidity and readings on each scale from a small fraction of an ampere up to 150 amperes can be had in the space of two or three minutes.

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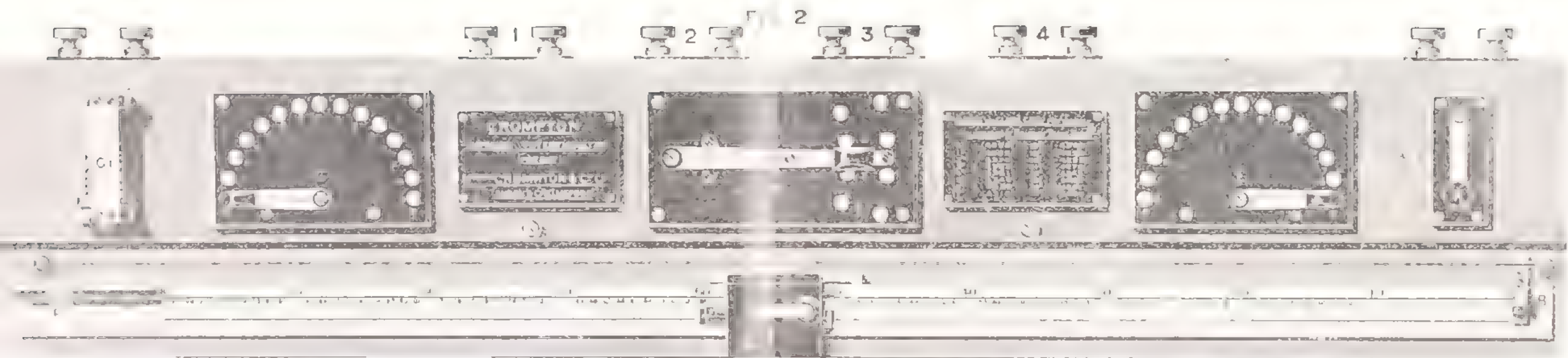
MEASUREMENT OF ELECTRO-MOTIVE FORCE.

Primary Standards.—Two standard Clark cells; three Hibbard 1 volt cells and a set of six special standard multicellular electrostatic voltmeters by Lord Kelvin. The latter covers a range of from 20 to 3,200 volts and was specially constructed for the department as ultimate standards of E.M.F. great accuracy and permanency, being guaranteed. During the two years since the instruments were first installed, the



variation in the calibrating curves has been less than 1 part in 10,000. These instruments have the great advantage of being equally accurate on direct or alternating circuits. Being electro-static, they use no current and are unaffected by local magnetic conditions. They can be kept continuously in circuit and require no temperature correction.

The instruments are calibrated by comparison with the difference of potential between the terminals of a known resistance through which the current is being



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measured by means of a Kelvin standard centi-ampere balance, or by the potentiometer method.

Inter-comparisons with the standard e.m.f. cells are periodically made and all variations recorded. The method of comparison followed is that known as the Clark-Poggendorff method and consists in the balancing of electro-motive forces against one another by the changing of resistances. It is preferred over most other methods for the reason that it is both a *zero* and *null* method. The apparatus used comprise a sensitive galvanometer, two or three cells of working battery, the E. M. Fs. E_1 and E_2 to be compared and adjustable high resistances r_1 and r_2 . Different readings of resistances are made and a comparison of the E. M. F. obtained from the relation :—

$$E_1 : E_2 = r_1 : r_2.$$

The specification for the standard Clark cell will be found in Schedule C.

THE POTENTIOMETER.

This excellent piece of laboratory apparatus and its adjuncts, though equally applicable to the measurement of current and resistance more properly comes under the head of E. M. F. standards for treatment. The fall of potential method of making measurements originated with Poggendorf, but the credit for developing the system from a crude workshop method up to what may fairly be described as a scientific instrument of no mean calibre, mainly belongs to Col. R. E. Crompton, of London. Measurements from the lowest to the highest value may be taken by direct comparison with the legal standard, to well within $\frac{1}{10}$ of one per cent under ordinary circumstances, whilst by special care a far higher degree of accuracy may be attained.

The form of instrument now being furnished the department by the Messrs Crompton may be said to consist of 15 sections of wire connected in series, 14 of which are in the form of coils within the instrument, the 15th being stretched along a scale suitably divided; they are accurately adjusted with each other, so that with a fixed e. m. f. of 1.5 volts over the whole, each section has a fall of $\frac{1}{10}$ of a volt, the scale beneath the slide wire having 1,000 divisions, each corresponding therefore, to $\frac{1}{10000}$ of a volt. The unknown quantity to be measured is placed in series with a galvanometer attached to the movable contacts on the slide wire and is so connected up that its e. m. f. opposes that of the main circuit of the instrument. No deflection of the galvanometer takes place when the point of balance between the opposing e. m. f's. is obtained. The value of the comparison is then read from the scale. The instrument is calibrated by substituting for x a known value or standard—in this case a standard Clarke's cell—its temperature noted, and the contacts on the slide wire placed upon the figures corresponding with the value of the cell which would be 1.434 or 14 and 34. Resistance is added in the main circuit until there is no deflection on the galvanometer due to the fact of the e. m. f's. in the main and galvanometer circuits being equal; the instrument is thus standardized from what afterwards becomes the x circuit and is then ready for obtaining the value of unknown e. m. f's. Multiples and submultiples of the ohm are used to vary the range of the instrument. They are so proportioned that their maximum carrying capacity is some definite value proportional to that of the instrument (1.5 volts) and it is entirely upon them that the range of the apparatus depends. Given proper standard resistances, the range of the instrument is practically illimitable.

Weston standard voltmeters are used as secondary standards of e. m. f., both for direct and alternating current.

One of these, for alternating current work was, specially made for our laboratory and has its coils and working parts immersed in oil, thus making it absolutely *dead beat* in its operation. It is supplied with a differential scale giving readings to $\frac{1}{5}$ volt. These voltmeters are furnished with multipliers giving ranges from 0 to 1,500 volts and accurate to within $\frac{1}{10}$ of one per cent.

MEASUREMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY

One Standard Kelvin Watt Balance.—This balance is intended to measure the true energy developed in an inductive alternating current circuit. It is similar in form to the Ampere Balances, but the movable coils are wound with fine wire. These coils are of low resistance and are joined up in series with a large non-inductive resistance in a potential circuit across the mains, while the fixed coils carry the whole current to be measured. Three sets of weights are supplied with the instrument weighing respectively 1.7564 grms., 4.3910 grms., and 17.5640 grms. The constant for each set of weights with 1.000 ohms in the fine wire circuit is 2 watts, 5 watts and 20 watts per division of the scale. The constants vary directly as the resistance in the fine wire circuit. This instrument has proven to be an excellent standard having been in constant use for four years with absolutely no change in its accuracy.

Secondary Watt Standards in use by the departmental officers are those of the Weston and Hoyt types.

ACCESSORIES.

The following apparatus as accessories to the foregoing standards have been installed in the department:—

One 5 Kilowatt rotary transformer 500 to 120 volts for charging storage batteries ;

One 5 Kilowatt alternator 60 cycles 104 volts.

One 5 Kilowatt alternator 130 cycles 104 volts.

One 5 Kilowatt direct current motor for operating the alternators.

300 small cells of secondary battery as a source of e. m. f. for direct current pressure tests.

55 cells type E 9 chloride accumulators for operating the direct current motor.

The alternators are so constructed as to admit of wide ranges of variation both in respect of voltage and frequency.

PHOTOMETRIC MEASUREMENT OF LIGHT.

The Bunsen Photometer is used throughout the Dominion by the officers of the department. This piece of apparatus is so well known that a lengthy explanation of it before this association would be quite unnecessary. It is known as the grease spot method, and consists mainly of a wooden movable frame over which a piece of white paper is fixed with a grease spot in the centre. The two sources of light to be compared shines on either side of the disc and the practical value of the light to be measured is determined by the total brightness which that light is capable of producing on the disc when compared with the total brightness which the unit candle is capable of producing on the same surface. In order that both sides of the disc may be read simultaneously, a system of mirrors, introduced by Rudorff, is used. The sliding carriage containing this arrangement of disc and mirrors is moved along the scale until it reaches a point where the spot entirely disappears. The candle-power of the light being measured is then obtained by dividing the square of the distance of the source of light from the screen by the square of the distance of the standard candle from the screen. Notwithstanding the fact that the sperm candle is not a first-class standard, fairly accurate work can be done with it. The incandescent lamp is now more or less used as a secondary standard for the practical measurement of light, but the system is dependent on too many conditions being fulfilled to be accepted with any degree of confidence. Sir William Preece, among a number of others, considered that an incandescent lamp of a given type, coming from the same maker, present only insignificant differences among themselves with respect to luminous intensity and efficiency, and he was of the opinion that a very convenient standard of this kind sufficiently exact for most purposes might be obtained. The subject of photometry and light standards, however, is a large one and had better be reserved for treatment on some future occasion.

SCHEDULE A.



57-58 VICTORIA.

CHAP. 38.

An Act respecting the Units of Electrical Measure.

[Assented to 23rd July, 1894.]

HER Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as *The Electrical Units Act*. Short title.
2. The units of electrical measure for Canada shall be the following:— Units established.
 - (a.) As a unit of resistance, the ohm, which is based upon the ohm equal to 10^9 units of resistance of the centimetre-gramme-second system of electro-magnetic units, and is represented by the resistance offered to an unvarying electric current by a column of mercury, at the temperature of melting ice 14.4521 grammes in mass, of a constant cross-sectional area and of the length of 106.3 centimetres. Ohm.
 - (b.) As a unit of current, the ampere, which is one-tenth of the unit of current of the centimetre-gramme-second system of electro-magnetic units, and is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the unvarying current which, when passed through a solution of nitrate of silver in water, and in accordance with the specification contained in schedule one to this Act, deposits silver at the rate of 0.001118 of a gramme per second. Ampere.
 - (c.) As a unit of electro-motive force, the volt, which is the electro-motive force that, steadily applied to a conductor whose resistance is one ohm, will produce a current of one ampere, and which is represented sufficiently well for practical use by $\frac{1.000}{1.434}$ of the electro-motive force between the poles or electrodes of the voltaic cell known as Clark's cell, at a temperature of 15° centigrade and prepared in accordance with the specification contained in schedule two to this Act. Volt.
 - (d.) As a unit of quantity, the coulomb, which is the quantity of electricity transferred by a current of one ampere in one second. Coulomb.
 - (e.) As a unit of capacity, the farad, which is the capacity of a condenser charged to a potential of one volt by one coulomb. Farad.

- Joule. (f.) As a unit of work, the joule, which is equal to 10^7 units of work in the centimetre-gramme-second system, and is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the energy expended in one second by one ampere in one ohm.
- Watt. (g.) As a unit of power, the watt, which is equal to 10^7 units of power in the centimetre-gramme-second system, and is represented sufficiently well for practical use by the work done at the rate of one joule per second.
- Henry. (h.) As the unit of induction, the henry, which is the induction in a circuit when the electro-motive force induced in that circuit is one volt, while the inducing current varies at the rate of one ampere per second.

Units and apparatus to be in Department of Inland Revenue.

3. The units of electrical measure described in the next preceding section, or such standard apparatus as is necessary to produce them, shall be deposited in the Department of Inland Revenue and shall form part of the system of standards of measure and weight established by *The Weights and Measures Act*.

SCHEDULE B.

In the following specification, the term silver voltameter means the arrangement of apparatus by means of which an electric current is passed through a solution of nitrate of silver in water. The silver voltameter measures the total electrical quantity which has passed during the time of the experiment; and by noting this time, the time-average of the current, or, if the current has been kept constant, the current itself, can be deduced.

In employing the silver voltameter to measure currents of about one ampere, the following arrangements should be adopted. The cathode on which the silver is to be deposited should take the form of a platinum bowl not less than 10 centimetres in diameter and from 4 to 5 centimetres in depth. The anode should be a plate of pure silver 30 square centimetres in area and 2 or 3 millimetres in thickness. This is supported horizontally in the liquid near the top of the solution by a platinum wire passed through holes in the plate at opposite corners. To prevent the disintegrated silver which is formed on the anode from falling on to the cathode, the anode should be wrapped round with pure filter paper, secured at the back with sealing wax.

The liquid should consist of a neutral solution of pure silver nitrate containing about 15 parts by weight of the nitrate to 85 parts of water.

The resistance of the voltameter changes somewhat as the current passes. To prevent these changes having too great an effect on the current, some resistance besides that of the voltameter should be inserted in the circuit. The total metallic resistance of the circuit should not be less than 10 ohms.

SCHEDULE C.

The cell consists of zinc and mercury in a saturated solution of zinc sulphate and mercurous sulphate in water, prepared with mercurous sulphate in excess, and is conveniently contained in a cylindrical glass vessel.

The mercury.—To secure purity it should be first treated with acid in the usual manner, and subsequently distilled *in vacuo*.

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The zinc.—Take a portion of a rod of pure re-distilled zinc, solder to one end a piece of copper wire, clean the whole with glass paper, carefully removing any loose pieces of the zinc. Just before making up the cell, dip the zinc into dilute sulphuric acid, wash with distilled water, and dry with a clean cloth or filter paper.

The zinc sulphate solution.—Prepare a saturated solution of pure (“pure re-crystallized”) zinc sulphate by mixing in a flask distilled water with nearly twice its weight of crystals of pure zinc sulphate, and adding zinc oxide in the proportion of about 2 per cent by weight of the zinc sulphate crystals to neutralize any free acid. The crystals should be dissolved with the aid of gentle heat, but the temperature to which the solution is raised should not exceed 30° C. Mercurous sulphate treated as hereinafter described, should be added in the proportion of about 12 per cent by weight of the zinc sulphate crystals, and the solution filtered, while still warm, into a stock bottle. Crystals should form as it cools.

The mercurous sulphate.—Take mercurous sulphate, purchased as pure, and wash it thoroughly with cold distilled water by agitation in a bottle; drain off the water, and repeat the process at least twice. After the last washing, drain off as much of the water as possible.

Mix the washed mercurous sulphate with the zinc sulphate solution, adding sufficient crystals of zinc sulphate from the stock bottle to ensure saturation, and a small quantity of pure mercury. Shake these up well together to form a paste of the consistence of cream. Heat the paste, but not above a temperature of 30° C. Keep the paste for an hour at this temperature, agitating it from time to time; then allow it to cool, continuing to shake it occasionally while cooling. Crystals of zinc sulphate should then be distinctly visible, and should be distributed throughout the mass. If this is not the case, add more crystals from the stock bottle, and repeat the whole process. This method ensures the formation of a saturated solution of zinc and mercurous sulphates in water.

Contact is made with the mercury by means of a platinum wire about No. 22 gauge. This is protected from contact with the other materials of the cell by being sealed in a glass tube. The ends of the wire project from the ends of the tube; one end forms the terminal; the other end and a portion of the glass tube dip into the mercury.

